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WISCONSIN STATE JOURNAL

TELEPHONES Standard—Editorial Rooms, 78 Business Office, 548 Bell—Editorial Rooms, 133 Business Office, 722

VOL. 112. NO. 113. MADISON, WIS., FRIDAY AFTERNOON, FEBRUARY 12, 1909. PRICE TWO CENTS.

National Tribute Paid to Lincoln

Throughout the length and breadth of the United States today hundreds of cities, towns and hamlets are paying tribute to the memory of Abraham Lincoln on this centennial anniversary of his birth. Thousands of meetings of various kinds were in progress during the day and millions of persons participated therein. President Roosevelt has proclaimed the day a legal holiday in the District of Columbia and the territories and in many states in the cities the day was practically observed as a holiday.

Chief among the many celebrations in honor of the beloved president were the exercises attending the laying of the cornerstone memorial building, erected by popular subscription, to shelter the log cabin, which was the early home of Lincoln, on the Lincoln farm at Hodgenville, Ky., where the war president was born. The cornerstone was laid by President Roosevelt, who also delivered an address, and there also were addresses by Gov. Willson of Kentucky; Ex-Gov. Jos. W. Folk of Missouri, Secretary of War Luke E. Wright and General James G. Wilson.

Ambassador James Bryce and William J. Bryan were to be the chief speakers at a Lincoln banquet to be held at Springfield, Ill.

At Peoria, Ill., there was to be an important celebration in which Baron Takahira, the Japanese ambassador, was scheduled to take part.

In the celebration at Harrisburg, Pa., Vice-president Fairbanks was the speaker, and in the Pittsburg celebration James S. Sherman, vice president-elect, was to deliver an address.

PRESIDENT SPEAKER AT MEMORIAL ON LINCOLN FARM

ROOSEVELT DELIVERS A MEMORIAL ADDRESS AT LAYING OF CORNERSTONE.

NEW BUILDING TO HOUSE LOG CABIN BIRTHPLACE.

Thousands Attend Exercises in Little Hamlet of Hodgenville, Ky.—Gov Folk, Secretary of War Wright and Others Speak.

Hogdenville, Ky., Feb. 12.—In the presence of several thousand persons, including mostly men highly distinguished in American life, the cornerstone of the marble memorial structure which will shelter the log cabin where Abraham Lincoln was born was today laid with appropriate ceremonies by President Roosevelt.

The tent which served as an auditorium was roped off from the crowd, which gathered around the hallowed spot. In the center, beside the platform for the speakers and the machinery of the cornerstone laying, is the cabin itself, a little building not over sixteen feet square, built of logs, notched and laid together, pioneer fashion. The logs are worn smooth where the bark has peeled off and rotted, and now they are a dirty, leaden gray.

Five special trains from Hogdenville to this little hamlet during the morning brought hundreds of people and at 11 o'clock, upon the arrival of Gov. Willson and his staff, the procession formed at the station and wended its way to the farm on which the log cabin is located, three miles away.

The exercises opened by an invocation, following which former Gov. Folk, of Missouri, president of the Lincoln memorial association, delivered some introductory remarks. He was followed by President Roosevelt, who laid the cornerstone. His address follows in full.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

We have met here to celebrate the hundredth anniversary of the birth of one of the two greatest Americans; of one of the two or three greatest men of the nineteenth century; of one of the greatest men in the world's history. This rail splitter, this boy who passed his ungainly youth in the dire poverty of the poorest of the frontier folk whose rise was by weary and painful labor, lived to lead his people through the burning flames of a struggle from which the nation emerged, purified as by fire, born anew to a loftier life. After long years of iron effort, and of failure that came more often than victory, he at last rose to the leadership of the republic, at the moment when that leadership had become the stupendous world-task of the time. He grew to know greatness, but never ease. Success came to him, but never happiness save that which springs from doing well a painful and a vital task. Power was his, but not pleasure. The furrows deepened on his brow, but his eyes were undimmed by either hate or fear. His gaunt shoulders were bowed, but his steel thews never faltered as he bore for a burden the destinies of his people. His great and tender heart shrank from giving pain; and the task allotted him was to pour out like water the life-blood of the young men, and to feel in his every fiber the sorrow of the women. Disaster saddened but never dismayed him. As the red years of war went by they found him ever doing his duty in the present, ever facing the future with fearless front, high of heart, and dauntless of soul. Unbroken by hatred, unshaken by scorn, he worked and suffered for the people. Triumph was his at the last, and barely had he tasted it before murder found him, and the kindly, patient, fearless eyes were closed forever.

As a people we are indeed beyond

(Continued on eighth page.)

Stephenson's Account is Filed

Total is $107,793.05, as Predicted in the State Journal on Tuesday.

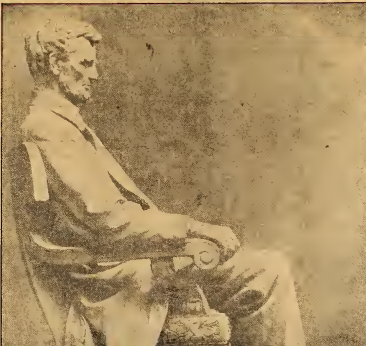
STATEMENT OF EXPENSES.

Statement of Isaac Stephenson, a candidate for the nomination for the office of United States senator from Wisconsin, at the primary election held on the first day of September, 1908.

1. Total amount placed in the hands of E. A. Edmonds, J. H. Pulicher, J. A. Van Cleve, Rodney Sackett, H. J. Brown and others	$111,385.49
2. Of the above amount the following have been reported to me as expended:	
To L. Breithaupt Printing Co., Mandel Engraving Co., Whitehead & Hoag, Keystone Printing Co., Vandecamp & Larberter and others, for printing sample ballots, lithographs, circulars and other stationery, etc.	$ 7,347.69
To paid for postage stamps	11,339.00
To C. H. Hambright, John C. Miller, E. H. McMahon, E. J. Rogers, U. C. Keller, and others, for services tendered in organizing outside Milwaukee county	53,729.56
To traveling expenses, contributions to associations, cigars, etc.	1,420.63
To paid Koch Advertising Agency and others for newspaper advertising	16,485.24
To W. R. Knell, expenses incurred in organizing Milwaukee county, exclusive of items not otherwise accounted for, but including organization on primary day	8,417.36
To getting signatures to nomination papers	225.06
For office rent, expenses, including employes' wages	4,070.76
Posting and distributing lithographs	834.00
Telephone, telegraph and express charges	735.10
Advertising, printing, etc., covering bills received after Sept. 15	3,188.65
Total	$107,793.05

MADISON GETS LINCOLN STATUE; BRITTINGHAM GIVES TO UNIVERSITY

Replica of Bronze Monument to Be Unveiled at Emancipator's Birthplace Is Donated for Wisconsin's Upper Campus.



Lincoln's centenary was a notable day for the University of Wisconsin. The gift of Weinman's heroic bronze statue of Lincoln, the only replica of the one being erected jointly by the United States and the state of Kentucky at Lincoln's birthplace, Hogdenville, Ky., and to be unveiled by President Taft on Memorial day, was announced by President Charles R. Van Hise at the Lincoln centenary exercises at the armory this morning. The statue is given to the university by Thomas E. Brittingham of this city.

In the presence of nearly 5,000 people the gift was made known. The audience was moved to prolonged applause by the generosity of the giver and the appropriateness of the gift.

FOR A COURT OF HONOR.

The statue, of which a picture is herewith reproduced, is to be placed in the center of a court of honor on the upper campus. It will be unveiled at commencement in June, one month after the unveiling of the original in Hogdenville, Ky., when it is expected President Taft will deliver the address.

The statue, which represents Lincoln seated in a massive chair, is seven feet high, which is equivalent to a standing figure nine feet nine inches in height. It is to be mounted upon a granite plinth six feet six inches in height, the total height of the statue and plinth to be thirteen feet, six inches.

WORK OF ARTIST.

The sculptor, Adolph Alexander Weinman, who was chosen by the Lincoln monument commission after considerable deliberation because of the national significance of the monument to be erected at Lincoln's birthplace, was a pupil of the late Augustus St. Gaudens. He also studied with Martini, D. C. French, Olin L. Warner, and Charles H. Niebaus. His other work included a monument for Gen. Alexander Macomb at Detroit, a commission which he won in competition; and the Maryland Union Soldiers' and Sailors' monument erected in Baltimore in 1907, also awarded to him after competition. Mr. Weinman has been engaged on the Lincoln statue for nearly two years. The work, which is now nearing completion, has received great praise and commendation from critics in and around New York who have had an oportunity to view it.

The statute will stand on the mound half way up the hill. The court of honor which it is designed to establish will extend the length of the campus, and on either side of University hall and a short distance in front of the south and north wings will be the Henry Vilas theater and the university museum. The former was given by the terms of the will of the late William F. Vilas; the latter is proposed in the general design for the university as planned by the university architects and which will be considered again at an early meeting of the regents. The statue will cost about $10,000.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF GIFT.

In making the announcement of Mr. Brittingham's gift, President Van Hise said:

"Through the co-operation of the United States and the state of Kentucky, a heroic bronze statue of Abraham Lincoln is to be unveiled at his birthplace, Hogdenville, Ky., on

(Continued on sixth page.)

5,000 Unite in Praise of the 'Great Emancipator'

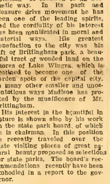
Generous Madisonian is Donor of Lincoln Statue to University

THOMAS E. BRITTINGHAM.

Thomas Evans Brittingham was born in Hannibal, Mo., May 18, 1860, the son of Dr. Irvin Baird and Mary J. (League) Brittingham. He attended Hannibal college. In 1880 he moved to Clear Creek Gulch, Chaffee county, Col., and afterwards to Lake county, Cal., in both of which states he followed the mercantile business. He located in Merrill Wis., in 1885, and came to Madison in December, 1888, having been engaged in the lumber trade since coming to this state. At Portland, Jefferson county, on December 5, 1889, he was married to Miss Lucy Clark, a graduate of the University of Wisconsin, a daughter of James Adams and Mary (Hughes) Clark. Mr. and Mrs. Brittingham are the parents of three children: Margaret, Harold and Thomas Evans.

Mr. Brittingham has been prominently concerned with the uplifting of Madison in an aesthetic way. In its park and pleasure drive movement he has been one of the leading spirits, and the cordiality of his interest has been manifested in moral and material ways. His greatest benefaction to the city was his gift of Brittingham park, a beautiful tract of wooded land on the shores of Lake Wingra, which is destined to become one of the garden spots of the capital city. In many other smaller and unostentatious ways Madison has profited by the munificence of Mr. Brittingham.

His interest in the beautiful in nature is shown also by his work on the state park board, of which he is chairman. In this position he recently traveled over the state visiting places of great natural beauty proposed as selections for state parks. The board's recommendations recently have been embodied in a report to the governor.



Forecast —Threatening, with probably light snow tonight or Saturday, colder.

Ames Candidate Again.

Sylvanus Ames, superintendent in the Stoughton school district, has announced his candidacy for re-election.

JENKIN LLOYD-JONES DELIVERS NOTABLE ADDRESS ON THE PRESIDENT'S LIFE.

EXPONENT OF TRUE DEMOCRACY

BROTHERHOOD ON WORLD SCALE THE LINCOLN IDEAL.

PRESERVE BALLOT'S SANCTITY

Pure Elections, Civic Honor, Enlightenment of the People—These the Hopes of the Future.

Lincoln, as man, president, martyr, raised from a lowly cabin to the highest pinnacle of a nation's love and admiration, was honored at the university today. In an audience packing the big gymnasium to the doors, numbering nearly 5,000 people, none was left unmoved by the message of the hour as uttered by Rev. Jenkin Lloyd-Jones of Chicago. Mr. Lloyd Jones' address was a plea for emulation of the true democracy that was a part of Lincoln's very being, and a more intelligent appreciation of the duty man owes to his fellows.

Second in importance and interest was President Van Hise's announcement of Mr. Brittingham's beneficence in the form of a handsome statue of the Emancipator, to be

> Tribute to Brittingham.
>
> "The commissioners have permitted one full sized replica of the Lincoln statute to be cast. There were a great number of competitors for this replica. Through the liberality of Mr. Thomas E. Brittingham of Madison it is to come to the University of Wisconsin, where it will be unveiled next commencement. When this opportunity to serve the university and the state came Mr. Brittingham, he appreciated it at once, and gladly agreed to furnish the necessary funds."—La Follette's Weekly.

placed in commanding position on the upper campus. The demonstration that greeted the announcement was one never to be forgotten, more particularly because it is one of the first of its kind in the history of the university.

BELIEVED IN BROTHERHOOD.

"The pride of party, the greed of office, the dread of change, and a solicitation for prosperity, disqualify men today, as fifty years ago, for becoming torch-bearers in the advancing column of democracy, said Rev. Lloyd —Mr. Jones. They who would be eligible to a place in the ranks of the 'Lincoln Wide-Awakes' of today must believe that the writers of the Declaration of Independence meant what they said, and said what they meant, must believe that the brotherhood of man includes all races, colors, and conditions of men, and that a government of the people, for the people, and by the people' can be perpetuated only by heroic acceptance of this logic and a sublime consecration to this idea."

"Let us beware how we waste this day in mere retrospect, lest in our attempt to honor the great debaters, Lincoln, and Douglas, we trail their banners in the dust," continued the speaker. "We belie our flattering words if after half a century we still mouthe the words of brotherhood in the presence of a dark or yellow skin; if in spite of five illuminating decades we still wince in the presence of the inexorable logic of the Declaration of Independence which, like the relentless mills of God, grind into powder the conceits of birth, station, or class distinction.

"Let us beware lest we split the sun-clear rays of Jefferson, Paine, and Lincoln in the cracked lens of social cowardice, commercial anxiety, and political half-heartedness as we still cry, 'Not yet! Not yet!'

EXAMPLE IN CIVIC HONOR.

"Lincoln's appeal was to ballots, not bullets," said Rev. Mr. Lloyd-Jones in conclusion. "We may not lament the bullets, for who will state the price of freedom to a single human soul, however black and illiterate, in terms of dollars or of

(Continued on second page).

State News

LINCOLN GREATEST MAN IN HISTORY, SAYS BRAGG, BUT WOULD BE HELPLESS TODAY

Fond du Lac, Wis., Feb. 12. (Special)—"There has been only one Abraham Lincoln, and there will probably never be another," said Gen. E. S. Bragg today in paying tribute to the greatness of the Emancipator. "It is therefore only fitting that the American nation today should join in the observance of his one hundredth birthday anniversary. Lincoln was a great man. He was the only man to handle the momentous problems that confronted the country at that critical period. I doubt if Lincoln would be a great man if he were president at the present time, because he would not be able to compete with the present commercial spirit—graft. Lincoln was no doubt one of the greatest men who ever lived."

Death of August F. Backhaus.

Marshfield, Wis., Feb. 12 (Special) —August F. Backhaus, one of the first settlers of Milwaukee and later a pioneer in northern Wisconsin, died last night, aged 69 years. He was the father of A. G. Backus, district attorney of Milwaukee. He went to Milwaukee in 1854 and later came to Marshfield. One son who was manager of a brewery in Marshfield was killed by a train last fall. This fact hastened the death of the father.

CHURCHMEN UP FOR CONTEMPT.

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 12 (Special) —Another chapter was added to one of the great religious fights in Milwaukee when Judge Belden today signed an order requiring F. J. Marien and Philip Bretsch to show cause why they should not be punished for contempt of court. They are the plaintiffs in a suit to prevent the property of the Evangelical Creed congregation of Milwaukee being used for Lutheran worship. In a previous decision Judge Belden granted an injunction restraining the people of the congregation from diverting the property to any other use than that of the Evangelical faith. The plaintiffs have been cited for contempt for violating this order.

LINCOLN'S GETTYSBURG ADDRESS

Classic Delivered at the Dedication of the National Cemetery Nov. 19, 1863.

Fourscore and seven years ago our fathers brought forth upon this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal.

Now we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation, or any nation so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure. We are met on a great battlefield of that war. We have come to dedicate a portion of that field as a final resting place for those who here gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this.

But in a larger sense we cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow, this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here have consecrated it far above our power to add or detract. The world will little note nor long remember what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us, the living, rather to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which they who fought here have thus far so nobly advanced. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us—that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion; that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain; that this nation, under God shall have a new birth of freedom, and that government of the people, by the people, and for the people shall not perish from the earth.

NEW PRIMARY BILL WOULD MAKE STEPHENSON PAY $591,097.41 FEE FOR FILING $107,793.05 ACCOUNT

If the bill which Senator Martin of Darlington filed with the revision committee of the senate today had been in force yesterday, Isaac Stephenson would have paid $591,097. 41 for the privilege of complying with the law and filing his primary election expense account of $107,793.05. By the same token, his unsuccessful rivals in the senatorial primary, according to their accounts filed last October, would have paid according to the following table:

Name	Amt Spent.	Fee.
S. A. Cook	$29,587.55	$46,370.33
Wm. H. Hatton	26,413.18	38,226.61
F. E. McGovern	11,063.88	7,170.60
Neal Brown, dem.	1,025.85	150.00

The bill provides that detailed statements shall be filed, and then directs the method by which the fee is charged and the disposition of the fund as follows:

"Every such person shall on or before the time when such statement is required to be filed, pay to the officer with whom such statement is required to be filed, a sum computed on the basis of 10 per centum upon the first $100 or fraction thereof expended by such candidate or in his behalf, with his consent, and an additional one per centum upon each additional $100 or fraction thereof expended by such candidate or in his behalf with his consent. One-half of all sums so paid to any city or county clerk shall be paid to the state treasurer on or before the fifteenth day of December in each year, and together with the amounts so paid to the secretary of state, to be credited to the school fund. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state and the attorney general and the respective county clerks and district attorneys to institute and prosecute civil action in the name of the state for the recovery of all fees not paid as aforesaid.'

It was discovered today that the fee to be charged could not be computed by any arithmetical or algebraic method or formula. The results given in the foregoing table were secured by the use of an adding machine, and tests are now being made to make a formula which will be applicable. Senator Martin has received much encouragement since the peculiar features of his bill have been made known about the capitol.

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CONFIDENCE

We Back Up Our Statements With Our Personal Reputation and Money.

We are so positive that we can cure constipation, no matter how chronic it may be, that we offer to furnish the medicine free of all cost if we fail.

It is worse than useless to attempt to cure constipation with cathartic drugs. Laxatives or cathartics do much harm. They cause a reaction, irritate and weaken the bowels and make constipation more chronic. Besides, their use becomes a habit that is dangerous and often fatal.

Constipation is caused by weakness of the nerves and muscles of the large intestine or descending colon. To expect a cure you must therefore tone up and strengthen those organs and restore them to healthier activity.

The discovery of the active principle of our remedy evolved the labor of the world's greatest research chemists. It possesses all the best qualities of the remedial active principle of the best known intestinal tonics, and it is particularly prompt in its results.

We want you to try Rexall Orderlies on our guarantee. They are exceedingly pleasant to take and are ideal for children. They act directly on the nerves and muscles of the bowels. They have a neutral action on other organs or glands. They do not purge or cause any inconvenience whatever. They will positively cure chronic or habitual constipation and the myriads of associate or dependent chronic ailments. Two sizes, 25 and 50c. The Hollister Drug Co.

Adv.

MADISON NEWS NOTES

Gets Insurance—Mrs. Ruby B. Ray wife of the late George B. Ray, who was killed in a sandpit cave-in, has received a check for $1,600 from the Beavers. This was the insurance claim of her husband.

Chas. H. Naffz Drug Store—On King street. Every article from this store can be relied upon. Quality the best. Prices the lowest. Try it.

Home Savings and Loan association at 2 S. Carroll St. pays 6 per cent interest on savings.

The Wisconsin Music Company sells more pianos than any other two stores in central Wisconsin.

Again We Offer—You an opportunity to invest in a real bargain. 50 pounds of cyclone flour for $1.25 at Findlay's.

Central Wisconsin Trust Co.—Furnishes safe deposit boxes for your valuables. Drop in and see them. Examine the boxes. They cost but a trifle.

Findlay's Java and Moka coffees are what the name signifies. We buy it green and roast it for you every day. Come and see it in the raw state and be convinced. It is the best.

Chippewa Spring Water.—Another carload arrived today at Piper Bros. 3, big stores.

Spring Goods have now arrived. Now is the time for full dress suits and party outfits. A. M. Hilsenhoff, 302 State St.

Edwin Sumner & Son's leading and reliable drug store never fails to please the ladies of Madison with the choicest perfumes, face creams and toilet articles.

Henry Lewis, Druggist, has just received a supply of Brookside Violet Talcum powder. Best value ever offered in Madison at 25c. Now on display in our window 507 State St.

Button Makers—Vaas-Maw Dry Goods Co. expert operators. Buttons made to match your gown in all sizes. Bring your material to our store.

Andrew Mayers' Drug Store.—All kinds of the best known Family Remedies. Tested for years. They never fail to give universal satisfaction. King St.

Its Quite Amusing to hear people who have not been regular customers of ours to utter this cry of astonishment when they enter our carpet department did not know that there was one like it in the city. Now, York store 5 & 7 Main St.

Outlet Store—Undervalues, is the Outlet store motto always. It makes a specialty of bankrupt and receivers stocks of clothing, dry goods, shoes, ladies and gents furnishing goods, hats caps, etc. Our limit when buying bankrupt and receivers stocks is to pay 50 cents on the dollar and from that on down to 20 cents. The Outlet store always sells at proportionate prices. Outlet Store 5 N. Pinckney St. Bankrupt and Receivers stocks a specialty.

Dresen & Rhodes; Wall Paper and Paint Store. Have the largest stock of wall paper, pictures and room moulding in Madison. They supply the people.

Have Just Received—Twenty cars of stove and nut all rail Lehigh Valley Hard Coal. Loaded in box cars at mines. C. F. Cooley.

Buy That Trunk Now—Largest assortment ever shown in Madison. Also a large line of suit cases, traveling bags and ladies hand bags. Chas. Wehrman, 116 King St., opposite Majestic.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—Teams to go to Mazomanie to haul baled hay. Apply before 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. Robert Mitchell.

WANTED—Position by lady as day nurse or will take care of an elderly lady by the week or month. Address "D 9" Journal.

SCIENTISTS HOLD SESSIONS.

Nearly Fifty Noted Men Attend Short Meeting.

The closing of the state historical library today made it necessary for the holding of the sessions of the Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters in Science hall. Nearly fifty were in attendance this morning, but an adjournment was taken at 10.30 that the members might attend the Lincoln day exercises in the gymnasium. The subjects discussed are of a highly technical nature. Among Madison men to speak this afternoon were S. Weidman, D. C. Munro, George Wagner and C. E. Allen.

MEMORIAL HELD AT ILLINOIS CAPITOL

BURIAL PLACE OF LINCOLN IS SCENE OF NOTEWORTHY CELEBRATION.

W. J. BRYAN CHIEF ORATOR.

Tablets Are Dedicated in Historic Law Office and Church—Big Banquet Tonight.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 12.—Springfield—home and burial place of Lincoln—is profusely decorated with the national colors and with pictures of the emancipator. Today's exercises included the dedication of a memorial tablet on the building where Lincoln had his law office; the planting of a Lincoln elm in the square of the court house where Lincoln tried law cases; the dedication of a memorial tablet at the Presbyterian church which Lincoln attended; a monster massmeeting at which W. J. Bryan spoke; reception by the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution at the old Lincoln home and a banquet for the women at eight.

The crowning event of the celebration is tonight's banquet, 700 plates for which have been engaged at $25 each. Addresses will be delivered by Senator Dolliver, W. J. Bryan and Ambassadors Bryce and Jusserand.

HOUSE HAS EXERCISES

Washington, D. C., Feb. 12.—Except for the proceedings in the lower house of congress, the wheels of the national government stopped today in honor Lincoln's birthday anniversary. All the government departments and leading business houses were closed. The senate had adjourned over until Monday, but in the house Lincoln's famous Gettysburg speech was read by Mr. Doutell of Illinois.

The Brazilian ambassador received a dispatch announcing that in honor of the Lincoln centenary the national flag was hoisted on all the federal state and municipal buildings of Brazil. The Brazilian warships and fortresses fired a salute of twenty-one guns.

IOWA SOLONS MEET.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 12—A joint session of the Iowa legislature was held today in commemoration of the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Lincoln. Lafayette Young of Des Moines was the orator of the occasion.

LINCOLN UNAPPRECIATED.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 12.—The life and work of Abraham Lincoln were the subjects of an address by Senator Lodge before the Massachusetts legislature today. Reviewing the early vicissitudes of the great emancipator and speaking of his splendid qualities of mind he spoke at length upon the criticism and abuse that was hurled at Lincoln during the trying days of the Civil war.

"I wish," he said, "merely to detach Lincoln from the myth which has possession of us all—that his wisdom, his purity and his greatness were as obvious and acknowledged, or ought to have been as obvious and acknowledged in his lifetime as they are today."

Washington, he declared, had previously met the same fate, being roundly denounced when he retired from the presidency.

NOTICED IN ALABAMA.

Birmingham, Ala., Feb. 12.—For the first time in the history of the Birmingham public schools, Lincoln's birthday was celebrated today.

MEMORIAL AT BERLIN.

Berlin, Feb. 12.—The one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Lincoln was celebrated at the University of Berlin at noon today, when Prof. Felix Adler of New York delivered an address upon Lincoln as a typical American. The hall was crowded. At the conclusion of the lecture Adler presented the university with a bronze bust of Lincoln, a replica of Volk's bust in the national museum at Washington.

IN ENGLAND TOO.

London, Feb. 12.—The English newspapers today devote much space to appreciations of Lincoln. There is no celebration in London.

PUPILS DECORATE GRAVE.

Indianapolis, Feb. 12.—While the exercises commemorating the birth of Lincoln were going on in this city, the school children of Indianapolis, through the pupils of the school at Lincoln city, were decorating the grave of the woman who gave Lincoln birth. Their wreath, purchased by one-cent contributions by 2,500 eighth grade pupils in the Indianapolis schools, were placed on the grave of Nancy Hanks Lincoln, which crowns the little knoll just outside of Lincoln City, Ind.

Nancy Hanks' Reception.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 12.—Probably the most unique celebration of Lincoln's centennial in United States was at the Hamburg stock farm, this county, where Nancy Hanks, the world-famous racing mare named for Lincoln's mother, held a largely attended reception, under the auspices of her owner, John E. Madden. Madden issued invitations to the affair in the names of Nancy Hanks.

The schools throughout central and eastern Kentucky all celebrated today.

WAIT—For the Barbers' Big Mask Ball, Washington's Birthday, February 22d at Armory Hall.

OUTCOME RELEASES THE JAPS.

Tokio Papers Compliment Stand Against Legislation.

Tokio, Feb. 12.—Lengthy cables conveying from correspondents in America the news of the rejection of the anti Japanese legislation by the California legislation have been received here with intense satisfaction in official and business circles, and the publication of this information, together with expressions of favorable opinion by President Roosevelt and the governors of several states, has greatly improved the situation. The leading Japanese papers today printed editorials on the outcome of the affair, and Americans residing in the empire are more relieved.

N. B. Van Slyke Critically Ill.

N. B. Van Slyke, the veteran banker, is very ill with pneumonia at his home, 510 North Carroll street. Mr Van Slyke has been quite well of late, but his present illness developed suddenly. Owing to his advanced age some fear is felt for his recovery.

Guaranteed Liquor Cure

Drunkenness is a progressive disease; the moderate drinker is not satisfied with two or three drinks a day, the craving for more and more becomes irrestible as the disease advances; the result is Chronic Alcoholism.

The treatment used successfully by thousands right in their own homes is Orrine. It is sold under a positive guarantee to effect a cure or your money will be refunded.

Orrine No. 1, is the secret remedy; Orrine No. 2, is for those willing to take the treatment. Either form costs $1. Write The Orrine Co., Washington, D. C. Sold by leading druggist and in this city by Menges Pharmacy.

Adv.

5,000UNITEINPRAISE

(Continued from first page.)

mortality? But the bullets were incidental and lamentable; the ballots are perpetual and inevitable. The battle begun in 1858 is not yet ended. The logic of Lincoln calls for a liberated, heroic, extended, and purified ballot. As you would love and serve the country he redeemed, you must preserve the sanctity of the ballot box, magnify the civic holiness and freedom of election day, you must restrain the vicious and invite the virtuous ballot in the hand of rich and poor black and white, male and female. For the right of the governed to a voice in the government is dependent not upon sex, sect, or color, but upon intelligence, honor, and the willingness to serve the larger entity—the public and its weal."

The university orchestra rendered, in opening, Haydn's symphony in D major (adagio allegro). The invocation was offered by Rev. George MacAdam. The University Glee club sang "To Thee, O Country," by King Eichberg. Prof. J. F. A. Pyre read the Gettysburg address. The "Battle Hymn of the Republic" was sung by the Glee club and the audience, and "America" was sung by all in closing.

STOUGHTON MAN TO REPAY CREDITORS

FORMER BANKER GETS TITLE TO LARGE TRACT OF LAND IN MEXICO.

RECALLS FAILURE IN 1899.

Brictson Owed Dane County Institution $45,000—About 62 1-2 Per Cent So Far Paid Back.

Stoughton, Wis., Feb. 12 (Special)—The failure of the old Dane County bank of Stoughton was recalled when a report reached Stoughton yesterday that the supreme court of Mexico had rendered a decision favorable to I. O. Brictson, formerly of Deerfield and Stoughton, which will enable him to pay all his obligations to the defunct institution. Mr. Brictson was the heaviest debtor to the bank, the amount being in the neighborhood of $45,000.

Bee Waite, receiver for the old Dane County Bank, stated this morning that the depositors of the bank have received 62 1-2 per cent of the total deposits which the institution held at the time of the crash. Just when a settlement will be made is not known, but the decision just handed down by the Mexican court had been pending some time. This is the seventh decision handed down in favor of Mr. Brictson and is of such a nature that there will probably be the defunct institution. Mr. Brictson now becomes sole owner of a tract of land in Mexico comprising an area larger than Dane county, and which is reputed to be worth over $1,000,000.

M. S. Klauber of Madison is reported to hold a claim against Brictson to the extent of $12,000.

The Dane County bank of Stoughton failed in June, 1899, the books at that time showing the bank to have a deposit account close of $200,000. Nearly $50,000 of this amount was invested in Mexican land, which was said to be the direct cause of the failure. J. H. Joyce, now of Chicago, was cashier.

TO HAVE MEN'S DINNER.

Prominent Speakers to be Heard at Unitarian Church Feb. 22.

The men's dinner to be given at the Unitarian church on the evening of Feb. 22, promises to be largely attended by town and gown and members of the Wisconsin legislature. A program of unusual interest is being arranged. The dinner will begin at 6 o'clock, and present indications point to about 125 plates.

Judge R. G. Siebecker has been chosen to preside, and President Charles R. Van Hise of the university will be one of the speakers. President Van Hise will discuss "The Conservation of Our Natural Resources," a subject in which President Roosevelt is very much interested. Prof. J. C. Freeman will give some "Reminiscences of the Days of '61 to 65." One more speaker is to be chosen.

Chicago Celebrates.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—Fifty public meetings the city fairly hurled beneath flags, bunting and portraits of Lincoln, show windows filled with civil war relics and Lincoln mementos, streets crowded with marchers and military bands—this is the spectacle Chicago presented today in the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of President Lincoln.

Federal, county and municipal departments and many branches of business closed to make the holiday a proper climax to the Lincoln centennial week.

T. S. Morris Still Ill.

While the condition of T. S. Morris, who is ill with pleurisy, remains about the same, he was removed to the General hospital today. An operation will not be necessary and Mr. Morris was taken to the hospital to have the best of care.

Hunt Orator at Cambridge

Rev. George E. Hunt, pastor of the Presbyterian church, was the principal speaker on a Lincoln program in Cambridge today. The program was given under the auspices of the Cambridge Literary Society.

Sponsor for Measure Which Makes Campaign Expense Fee Heavy One

SENATOR H. C. MARTIN.

Senator H. C. Martin today filed a bill with the senate revision committee, which he believes will limit campaign expenses. It provides that every candidate for office shall pay 10 per cent for the first $100; eleven percent for the second $100 and so on. The fee is to be turned into the state treasury to be used for the benefit of the schools of the state.

BOB IS ON WARPATH

Senior Wisconsin Senator Determined to Secure Recognition for Novitiates

FILIBUSTER IS FIRST RUMOR

Washington, D. C., Feb. 12.—Senator La Follette crossed swords with Senator Hale yesterday which led to an exciting rumor that another La Follette filibuster was on. Senator Hale brought in the naval appropriations bill and wanted it rushed through at once. Senator La Follette objected.

The naval appropriation bill had been in the hands of the committee for fifteen days he said. It was not fair to have important measures like this considered at length by the committees and then rushed through the senate in two or three days. There ought to be a fairer division of responsibility. Under the system of committee appointments a few senators gathered all the important places to themselves, and the rest of the senate had little voice in the great affairs of legislation.

After a few passages, a decision was reached that the formal reading of the bill should not be required and the measure went over until Monday, when it will be read for committee amendments.

There is more back of La Follette's tactics than appears on the surface. The Wisconsin senator is trying to stir up a row so that the new senators will have good treatment in the matter of committee places in the new congress. It is learned that only a few nights ago Mr. La Follette had half a dozen friendly spirits at his home to dinner. Following the dinner there was a conference lasting until nearly 3 o'clock in the morning at which plans were discussed for bringing the older senators to terms.

No concrete plan of campaign was approved, but further conferences will be held and the fight carried into the republican caucus which will be held early next month.

OBITUARY

Mrs Norman Hallinger, a former resident of Madison, died Wednesday at Denver, Col., where she had gone for the benefit of her health. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Christ. Thoreson, of Mt Horeb, where the remains will be brought for burial.

The funeral of Edgar S. McBride was held from the home, 416 North Carroll street, this afternoon. Rev. A. A. Ewing of Grace church officiated. Edwin Sumner, A. B. Morris, H. L. Moseley and Henry Kessenich acted as pallbearers. Wilfred McBride of Sparta, brother of the deceased, was present.

William Splinter, formerly of this city, died Wednesday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. William Schultz, of Cottage Grove, at the age of 89. Mr Splinter was born in Pomer, Germany, and came to this country about 30 years ago, making his home in Madison and vicinity. He leaves two sons and three daughters, William Splinter, F. Splinter and Mrs M. Lindauer of this city, Mrs Fred Pohlman of Waterloo, and Mrs. Schultz of Cottage Grove, where he spent his last days.

For Your Valentine.

A choice lot of violets or roses. Order them now at Capitol City Green House to phone 179.

MADISON STRICTLY IN IT.

Madison's distinction as a 'news center had a notable demonstration yesterday. The first edition of the Evening Wisconsin, Milwaukee which reached the city late in the afternoon, to all appearances was a Madison newspaper. Every "story" on the first page—seven columns—bore a Madison dateline. Of course the legislative doings and other capitol news accounted largely for this showing.

Council to Adjourn.

Out of respect to the memory of Lincoln, the common council will not remain in session tonight. This is the date set aside for the regular monthly meeting and considerable business was to have been considered. Mayor Schubert today said that council would convene tonight and immediately adjourn.

Plot Against Sultan.

Berlin, Feb. 12.—Recent changes in the Turkish ministry are due to the discovery of a plot against the sultan that had for its object his deposition, according to the Constantinople correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung. The plan was to dethrone the sultan today, while he riding to the Solamlik celebration, and to proclaim as sultan Prince Yussef Izzeden, the eldest son of the late sultan.

NOSPECIALATTORNEY FOR INVESTIGATION

SIX LAWYERS IN THE COMMITTEE MAKE PROSECUTOR UNNECESSARY.

TO START INQUIRY TUESDAY.

Letter Sent to All Candidates in Last Primary and Employes Hired to Do Clerical Work.

There will be no special attorney hired to conduct the investigation ordered by the legislature of Wisconsin into the subject of campaign expenditures made in the last Wisconsin United States senatorial primary. At the first meeting of the joint committee last night a controversy over this subject was determined in favor of the members doing the examining of witnesses. Six of the seven investigators are attorneys, and this fact was the determining one in the discussion, although the pro-Stephenson men were inclined to hire an attorney for the committee. The committee is composed of Senators Marsh (chairman), Husting (the only democratic member), and Morris, and Assemblymen Bray, Ingalls, Whitman, Hambrecht and Chapple. The latter is a printer and is the only non-lawyer in the bunch.

CANDIDATES SUMMONED.

A letter was ordered sent to each of the seven candidates for the United States senatorial nomination, making them to appear at the first session of the inquiry on Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock at the capitol. If a candidate refuses to respond, he will be sent for with a subpoena. The seven candidates are as follows:

Republican, Isaac Stephenson, W. H. Hatton, S. A. Cook and F. E. McGovern; democratic, Neal Brown and M. A. Hoyt, and social democratic, Jacob Rummel.

The various senatorial candidates will be asked to tell what they think of the campaigns conducted by the others and it is expected that Jacob Rummel will have considerable to say about the other candidates.

MANAGERS INCLUDED.

Besides this the campaign managers must appear. W. C. Cowling of Oshkosh managed the campaign for S. A. Cook, E. A. Edmonds took charge of the Stephenson campaign assisted by Sheriff Koell of Milwaukee; W. H. Dick of New London and C. K. Lush of Madison managed Mr. Hatton's campaign and W. L. Essman managed Mr. McGovern's campaign.

Assemblyman Hembrecht is secretary pro tem. The correspondence of the committee will be taken care of by the clerk that will be engaged. Senator Morris and Assemblymen Bray were appointed to secure a court reporter, while Assemblyman Hambrecht and Senator Marsh were chosen to provide the other clerical assistants.

TAFT TO KEEP KNOX

Urges Passage of Bill to Repeal Salary Increase for the Secretary of State

NOT WILLING TO LOSE HIM

Washington, D. C., Feb 12.—President-elect Taft has telegraphed to Senator Hale, urging congress to remove all doubt of Senator Knox's eligibility to the office of secretary of state, saying the loss of Knox from the cabinet premiership would be a public misfortune.

New Orleans, La., Feb 12.—President-elect Taft today gave out the telegrams exchanged between him and Senator Knox which seem to furnish a solution of the constitutional difficulty which has arisen in connection with Knox's eligibility for a place on Taft's cabinet. Senator Knox fired as follows:

"A bill has been introduced in the senate to remove the constitutional bar to my eligibility to the cabinet by repealing the act providing for an increase in salary for the secretary of state. I am in no way promoting or having anything to do with the measure.

"It is a matter for you as the appointive power first to determine whether the proposed action is desirable or would be effective. Our minds should be free from all doubt concerning the legality and propriety of the proposed plan, before acquiescing in it.

"If you have any reason for not approving what is being done, it should be announced. Otherwise an injustice may be done whoever may be appointed."

Taft today sent in reply the following:

"I sincerely hope the bill repealing the increase in salary for the secretary of state will pass. I have no doubt that it will remove all the difficulties of the situation. In the light of its purpose I should regard your ineligibility at this time as a great public misfortune and it would be a personal disappointment to me too great for me to express.

"I have telegraphed Senator Hale, Speaker Cannon and Mr. Payne of my wishes and hopes in this regard."

NEAR DEATH BY STREETCAR.

Quick Action Saves President Bergemann From Harm.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Feb. 12 (Special)—Rev. G. D. Bergemann, president of the Evangelical synod of the United States, narrowly escaped death yesterday afternoon when a cutter in which he was returning home from a funeral overturned in the streetcartrack. A rapidly approaching car was stopped just in time to avoid what in all probability would have been certain death for the churchman.

DOGS HOWLS SAVE FAMILY.

Runs Through Burning House and All Escape Safely.

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 12. (Special)—A dog saved the lives of the entire family of Sebastian Clement in a fire at midnight which started in the cellar. The dog went through the rooms barking and howling until every member of the household had been awakened. The loss to the house was $500.

It's easier to say disagreeable things than it is to do them.

The Schaum Engraving & Printing Company

Announces that it is the successor of the

Clark Engraving & Printing Company, of Milwaukee,

Having purchased the plant and business and all of the interest therein of the late John C. Clark, and having legally changed the name of the company and filed such change in the office of the secretary of state at Madison. It also announces that the Streisguth Petran Engraving Company, an established engraving house in the city of Milwaukee, is in no way connected with the Clark Engraving & Printing Company or its successors either as successors or otherwise, and that no member of that company has been associated with the Clark Engraving & Printing Company or its successors since some time prior to the sale of the interests of the late John C. Clark.

The Schaum Engraving & Printing Company

SUCCESSORS TO

The Clark Engraving & Printing Company,

206-208 West Water St.,

MILWAUKEE

ARTISTS, DESIGNERS,
ENGRAVERS, PRINTERS,
ADVERTISING AGENTS
and COUNSELLORS,
MAKERS OF
SCHAUM PRIMA-CHROME
THREE COLOR PLATES.

SCHOOL MEN SHOULD BE POLITICIANS

SO DECLARES RURAL SCHOOL INSPECTOR BEFORE MEETING OF FARMERS.

HOLD PLACES OF HONOR.

Questions of Corn Growing Attracting Much Interest at Big Annual Gathering.

Speaking before the meeting of the Wisconsin Experiment association in Library hall this noon, L. W. Wood of Neillsville, formerly rural school inspector, declared that every school board member should be a politician.

"That is, he ought to represent the interests of the community honestly and fearlessly," declared Mr. Wood. "He ought not be lopsided in favor of the taxpayers as against the boys and girls of the community. He ought to work for the best interests of the school."

FOR SCHOOL BOARD JOB.

Mr. Wood declared that every one of the members of the Experiment association should try to be a school board member. He declared that it was one of the most honorable positions in the community and one in which a man can do much good, if he so desires.

He praised the law passed at the last session of the legislature giving $50 aid annually to rural school for bettering sanitary conditions and declared that the condition of the country schools were better today than at any period of Wisconsin's history. He told the members of the association that they should favor good roads, as it brought the farmhouse and the school house closer together. He urged higher salaried teachers, and a township high school system, in which studies of interest to the farmer boy should be taught. He requested every member of the association to visit the school in his community during the next two weeks.

AT ASSEMBLY HALL.

The meetings of the association are being held in library hall and are being attended by about 500 members from every section of the state.

Almost the entire morning was spent discussing the question of corn growing. Prof. R. A. Moore of the university told how the high grade of corn at the university was disseminated among the farmers through the agency of the experiment association. E. P. Smith told of the methods of testing seed corn; C. P. Norgord spoke on the preparation of the soil and Frank B. Joos of Illinois on corn improvement.

At this afternoon's session there was a general discussion of corn growing in the state, in which the members of the experiment association participated generally. Superintendent George McKerrow spoke on farmers' institutes and George W. McCormick on growing sugar beets.

HELD BIG BANQUET.

The association held a banquet at the Baptist church last night, which was attended by over 100 members. W. H. Hanchett of Sparta acted as toastmaster.

The following toasts were responded to: Agricultural Demonstration Work, C. P. Norgord; Possibilities of Dairy Farming, A. L. Greengo; Business Farming, H. P. Howell; Agricultural Press, A. W. Hopkins; Stock and Grain Exhibits at the State and County Fairs, Christ. Schroeder, Sugar, G. C. McCormick; Scrub Grains, B. A. Main; Agricultural Legislation, Dean H. L. Russell, Impromptu toasts were responded to by other members.

NORGARD IS CHOSEN.

The Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment association opened its sessions yesterday. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—C. P. Norgard, Madison.

Vice-president—Alvin Austin, Janesville.

Secretary—Professor R. A. Moore, Madison.

Treasurer—H. M. Longley, Dousman.

At their annual meeting held here yesterday afternoon, the Wisconsin Horse Breeders' association elected the following officers:

President—G. N. Mihills, Fond du Lac.

Vice-president—W. K. Caldwell Morrisonville.

Treasurer—Fred Pabst, Milwaukee.

Secretary—James G. Fuller, Milwaukee.

The following executive committee was appointed: J. W. Martin, Richland Center, chairman; Frank Morley, Baraboo; James G. Boyd, Milwaukee.

LINCOLN AS CITIZEN THEME AT SCHOOL

PREPARATORY PUPILS HOLD IMPRESSIVE EXERCISES THIS MORNING.

REV. W. J. McKAY SPEAKER.

Delivers Address on Ideals of Great War President— Gettysburg Address Analyzed.

Abraham Lincoln, the man, the president, the statesman and the ideal American citizen, was eulogized in the auditorium at the Madison high school this morning. The Lincoln memorial exercises were largely attended by pupils of the school and townspeople. Members of the board of education and members of the high school faculty were present, and only a few seats in the large auditorium were unoccupied. J. H. Hutchison, principal of the school, presided, and H. K. Bassett, instructor in English, was one of the speakers. Rev. W. J. McKay analyzed Lincoln's famous Gettysburg address, and spoke of Lincoln not so much as the president and great statesman, but as the ideal American citizen, whose memory ever will remain an inspiration to American youth.

The auditorium stage was decorated in American flags, and on one side of the stage was a large bust of Lincoln, back of which hung the stars and stripes. Mr. Bassett had charge of the decorations.

The program was opened with a selection by the Girls' Glee club. Regina Sullivan recited "O, Captain, My Captain;" Homer Piper read the Gettysburg address; Mr Bassett read "The Perfect Tribute" (Andrews); and the program was closed with "America," sung by the audience.

"The soul of Lincoln is still marching on," said Mr. McKay.

"The Perfect Tribute" was read by Mr Bassett in a most impressive manner. It is a wonderfully inspiring story of Lincoln's famous address at Gettysburg; a story of how the address made such a deep impression upon the people who heard it that they did not even applaud and Lincoln went away feeling that his efforts to say something worth while had failed. But later, as he stood at the death bed of a confederate officer, who did not know that he was Lincoln the president, he learned that the people were too profoundly impressed to applaud, and that his address was regarded as one of the greatest in history.

Among the flags that decorated the stage was one from the south.

"We no longer have a flag of the north or a flag of the south," declared Mr Bassett, "it is the American flag."

Easy to buy, easy to try, the best wholesome, appetizing breakfast is Mrs. Austin's famous pancakes.

WIRELESS MESSAGE FROM FLEET SHOWS IT IS FAST NEARING THE LAST PORT

New York, Feb. 12.—A wireless message from the Tender Yankton, which is preceding the Atlantic battleship fleet, now on its way to Hampton Roads, was picked up shortly after after 4 o'clock this morning by the wireless station on Fire Island. The message follows:

"Yankton, 8 p. m., Feb. 11, lat. 32 44 north; long. 52.04 west. Fleet 34 35 north, 30.19 west. Fine weather. Speed 10 1-2 knots. Cruise uneventful.

According to the longitude and latitude as given by the dispatch from the Yankton, the battleships are about 1,080 miles west of Gibraltar, with Yankton 945 miles ahead.

This places Yankton only 540 miles east of Bermuda and the fleet a little over 2,000 miles from Hampton Roads.

The schedule as announced before the department of the vessels from Gibraltar said they would reach Hampton Roads about Feb. 22 or 23, but if their position as indicated by the wireless is correct, at the present rate of speed they should arrive on Feb. 19 or 20.

Chicago Alderman Suicide.

Chicago, Feb. 12—Alderman Joseph F. Kohout, long a democratic leader in the city council, committed suicide by shooting today. Disappointment over the failure of his ward club to indorse him for renomination is supposed to have prompted the suicide

FOR Indigestion AND Dyspepsia USE Kodol

Indigestion and dyspepsia are always caused by food not properly digesting, in your stomach. When your stomach cannot properly digest food, of itself, it needs a little assistance—and this assistance is readily supplied by Kodol. Kodol assists the stomach, by temporarily digesting all of the food in the stomach, so that the stomach may rest and recuperate. Kodol is really a very excellent preparation for any digestive disorder.

Our Guarantee. Get a dollar bottle of Kodol. If you are not benefited—the druggist will at once return your money. Don't hesitate; any druggist will sell you Kodol on these terms. The dollar bottle contains 2½ times as much as the 50c bottle. Kodol is prepared in the laboratories of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

PURCELL BROS.

LEADER

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

For this sale we offer our full line of Bells Bulk Roasted Coffees at the following Leader prices.

Old Govt. Java 40c coffee, lb ..35c
Imperial combination, 35c coffee..30c
Banner Combination 30c coffee lb. 25c
Santovar Combination 25c coffee, lb. 20c
No. 20 Combination 20c coffee, lb 15c

Jersey Lily Flour, per sack .. $1.50
10 lb. sack pure buckwheat 40c

Armour's "Simon Pure" Lard 3 lb. pail 45c

18 1-2 lbs. Eastern Granulated Sugar $1.00

Fancy White Clover Comb Honey lb 16c

Pure Maple Syrup, 1 quart case ..40c

Heinz Dill Pickles, per doz 15c

Fancy Bulk Olives, per quart 30c

Fancy Creamery butter, 1 lb. brick 32c

Fancy Evaporated Peaches, lb 12 1-2c

Fancy Evaporated Apricots, lb ..15c

Fancy Evaporated Pears 15c

Fancy Evaporated Apples, lb 12c

4 Crown Loose Muscat Raisins 3 lbs. 25c

Hand Picked Beans, 3 quarts for 25c

Walter Baker Chocolate, lb 35c

New Shelled Walnuts, lb 35c

Fancy Sultana (seedless) raisins lb. 15c

Fancy Seeded Raisins, 1 lb pkg ..10c

6 Bars American Family Soap ..25c

6 Bars Beachoe Favorite Soap 25c

7 Bars Santa Claus Soap 25c

7 Rolls Greyhound Toilet Paper ..25c

White Castile soap (4 lb. bars) per lb 12 1-2c

N. B. C. Soda Crackers, per lb ..08c

N. B. C. Soda crackers (20 lb. boxes) lb 07c

5 gals. Best Kerosene 50c

5 Gals Best Gasoline 70c

PICKFORD TELLS EXPERIENCE.

Describes How It Feels to Have a Fractured Skull.

Not often does a man have the satisfaction of relating how it feels to have a fractured skull, but H. W. Pickford of this city can boast of such experience. In a letter to an old home paper he has this to say of his recent accident:

Four weeks ago, Monday night, Jan. 11, I fell while returning from a meeting of the trustees of the Unitarian church, and fractured my skull on a cement walk, while fully half a mile from home. The force of the fall burst the drum of my left ear, and a severe hemorrhage followed. The doctors say that the bursting of the ear drum saved my life, as it prevented a blood clot and paralysis. I have no recollection of the manner in which I got home. My hearing is returning, also my sense of smell; and while my eyes are weak, the doctors assure me that I am coming out all right. Naturally I am weak from the shock, which was followed by days of unconsciousness, but I am now able to walk about the house without help, and hope soon to be able to get into the business struggle again.

Wont' Tackle Veto Yet.

Washington, Feb. 11.—All attempts to pass at this time the census bill over the president's veto were abandoned today by leaders of the house and senate. The enactment of a census law for taking a decennial census probably will be made the subject of legislation at the special session.

May Reduce Knox's Pay.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The senate committee on judiciary today reached the conclusion that by reducing the salary of the office of secretary of state to $8,000, Senator Knox will be eligible to appointment by Taft for that position.

Milwaukee Alderman at Large.

Henry Adler, the large alderman at large of Milwaukee, was circulating in the legislative chambers today. He weighs nearly 400 pounds. Senator Page said he brought him out so that Madison people might see what an alderman at large looked like.

London—A Chicago firm has been awarded the contract to supply the British army with corned beef for a period of three years.

MADISON BOWS TO ABRAHAM LINCOLN

TRIBUTES TO HIS MEMORY ARE DELIVERED BY PROF. FREEMAN AND SEN. FAIRCHILD.

HIS WORTH AND WORK EXALTED

Exercises Are Held as a Fitting Dedication of New Assembly Chamber.

The spirit of Lincoln pervaded the beautiful new assembly chamber in the capitol last night when, as a fitting dedication, it was made to harbor several hundred citizens of Madison come to listen to memorial tributes. The exercises were beautiful in their simplicity and in the example of love and honor the people hold for the martyred president. By veterans of the great rebellion, by their sons, and by their sons' sons was honor paid to the memory of Lincoln. The net effect left was one of fitting and meritorious tribute.

The speakers were Prof. John C. Freeman of the university, captain of a cavalry regiment in the union army, later United States minister to Denmark; and State Senator E. T. Fairchild of Milwaukee, a consistent member of the order of the Sons of Veterans. Both lauded the life of Lincoln in noble language and inspiring thought.

GOVERNOR ADDS TRIBUTE.

Gov. J. O. Davidson was introduced as chairman of the evening by Commander T. C. Richmond of Lucius Fairchild post, G. A. R., after the commander had delivered a brief but beautiful tribute to the memory of Lincoln. Gov. Davidson paid honor to the worth of Lincoln as a man in a class by himself and whose very name has given liberty a new meaning, to endure for all time.

The prayer was delivered by Rev. W. J. McKay, department chaplain of the G. A. R. The Gettysburg address was recited by pupils of the Lincoln school in concert. At the head of the column of boys was the flag. The address was followed by the salute of the flag. The Mozart club sang two numbers, and a Lincoln memorial song was sung by M. J. Rawson and Mrs E. C. DeMoe. The exercises closed with the singing of the "Star Spangled Banner" by the Mozart club and the audience.

SENATOR FAIRCHILD'S WORDS.

Senator Fairchild spoke sympathetically of the varied phases of Lincoln's character. Lincoln's great work as president, he said, cannot be considered apart from his general worth as a man, and it might be stated that his work and worth are really synonymous terms. When Lincoln faced trials that would have staggered any other man, it was his simple intelligence, his patriotism, his Christianity, that buoyed him up and led him to see the way out, and the right way every time. In his firm reliance on God rested his ability to pass over the doubts and criticisms that would make others quail, and by his always hopeful, moderate, steadfast spirit move on to final achievement. His faith in the people, said Senator Fairchild, was not misplaced. He could see confidence "resting on the brow of righteousness." His sole desire was to pass the government on to his successor unimpaired. Through the long years of war his faith never faltered. "If God is with us, we will prevail," was his motto, and "With firmness in the right as God gives us to see the right" was his measure.

Prof. Freeman spoke in part as follows:

THE MAN FOR THE CRISIS.

Standing on a railway platform of a small hamlet in southern New York on May 18, 1860, was a group of men awaiting dispatches from the national convention in session in Chicago. It was clear to each of them that the favorite son of New York, the polished orator, the skillful diplomat, the experienced statesman, William H. Seward, must be the nominee. How profound our disappointment when the message came, "Nomination of Abe Lincoln, rail-splitter of Illinois." Rail-splitting was a useful occupation, but we were not convinced that it was satisfactory training for the presidency. As for myself I had never heard the name. You will pardon an eighteen-year-old boy for that, if Wendell Phillips at the same time could inquire with indignation, "Who is this Lincoln, this huckster in politics?"

In the course of the next two years we found reason to revise our opinions. "In the whole history of America the selection of Washington to lead the armies of the Revolution is the only event to be compared in good fortune with this nomination of Abraham Lincoln." Seward lost the nomination because he was thought too closely identified with the pronounced anti-slavery men to carry the October states. He was too well known as a statesman. Lincoln's availability as a candidate gave him the nomination. Considering the huckstering and trading and promises of cabinet positions by Lincoln's managers at Chicago, about which I hasten to say that Mr. Lincoln knew nothing, one is prompted to say that it is difficult to resist the impression that the selfish pettinesses and passions of men were utilized and controlled by divine providence.

OF UNPROMISING BIRTH.

It seems that in an hour of peril, when men and nations need a leader, God raises up one of the right material for the exigency. Who was this man of the hour, brought forward by providence for this crisis in the nation's history? Whence came he? From the humblest origins—a log cabin in the backwoods of Kentucky, of undistinguished parents. Hereditary traits often skip a generation or two, reappearing further down the line. This was the case with Abraham Lincoln. His father, Thomas Lincoln, a shiftless, migratory carpenter, not good at his trade, an ignorant man, able to write only the letters which made his signature, rested not much above the bottom of existence in a frontier settlement. What chance had he? His father, shot by the Indians when Thomas was six. No schools in the vicinity, daily bread was all he could expect. His third remove was to southern Indiana, where the family lived for a year in a shack fourteen feet square, a covered shed of three sides, the fourth open to the weather. There were bears in their caves in Indiana that winter more comfortably housed than the Lincoln family. Do these facts stagger your belief, and do you hesitate to accept the Lincoln story? Then let me point you to the miserable, cramped clay-walled cottage where the greatest poet of Scotland first saw the light; to that lawgiver who, for three thousand years, has influenced the world more than any other mortal, but who as an infant was found floating in a basket in the reeds of the Nile; let me remind you of the child laid in a manger at Bethlehem.

A SELF-EDUCATED MAN.

For Abraham, hardly one year of schooling in his whole life. Some books came to his hands; with them he educated himself. The Bible, Aesop, Robinson Crusoe, Bunyan, the history of the United States, Weems' Washington, after a while Shakespeare and Burns. Two or three trips by flatboat down the Mississippi widened his vision of men and things. On the lower river they had as passengers, or perhaps, I should say, as freight, a slave gang in iron fetters, a sight which he said was a continual torment to him. He disliked to visit the Ohio or any other slave border. These sights, emphasized by a visit to the slave market at New Orleans, made him say, "If I ever get a chance to hit that thing, I will hit it hard."

The most striking feature in Lincoln's character was his close touch with humanity; at first with the frontiersmen of his county, then the people of his state, then the states of the north, and at the time of his death many thought that they saw signs that he would come into touch with and give a kind of unity to the varied and even hostile elements of the whole country.

EARLY HATED SLAVERY.

A synopsis of the thought of one of Bacon's essays requires more space than the essay itself. So with Lincoln's speeches; an analysis of the thought shows that the shortest form has already been used. He used no flourishes of rhetoric, but simply appealed to reason and the sense of right. He said to a friend, "Sometimes in the excitement of speaking I seem to see the end of slavery. How this will come, when it will come, by whom it will come, I cannot tell, but it will surely come."

On his way to Washington he spoke at several state capitals, and on Feb. 22, an auspicious day, at Independence hall, Philadelphia, he said, "I am filled with deep emotion at finding myself standing in this place where were collected the wisdom, the patriotism, the devotion to principle from which sprang the institutions under which we live. All the political sentiments I entertain have been drawn from the sentiments which originated and were given to the world from this hall. The declaration of independence gave promise that in due time the weight would be lifted from the shoulders of all men and that all should have an equal chance. Now, my friends, can this country be saved on that basis? If it can, I shall consider myself one of the happiest men in the world if I can help to save it. If this country cannot be saved upon that principle, I was about to say I would rather be assassinated on this spot than surrender it."

LINCOLN'S MAGNANIMITY.

Lincoln followed Washington in selecting his rivals for the nomination as members of his cabinet—Seward, Chase, Cameron and Bates; a somewhat difficult cabinet to manage. Some of these officers for a while took Lincoln for a mere figurehead. As time went on, it became plainer and plainer that he was a real president. And now that we have the letters and diaries of these men, the dominence of Lincoln is plainer than ever.

Mr. Lincoln dealt with the border states very delicately. A great portion of the anti-slavery men, with Mr Greeley at their head, were incensed at him for this. But his cooler judgment told him to put the maintenance of the union as the main issue, while he had confidence that the destruction of slavery would come along in due time. He did not think that as president he had a right to do everything that as a private individual he would like to do. In April, 1864, he wrote, "I am naturally anti-slavery. If slavery is not wrong, nothing is wrong. I cannot remember when I did not so think and feel, and yet I have never understood that the presidency conferred upon me an unrestricted right to act officially upon this judgment and feeling." To dispose of slaves in the border states he proposed compensated emancipation and colonization in Africa, or South America, as, in fact, he had proposed for the whole south before the war. The country never took to it. It did not want to pay $1,000,000,000 for the slaveholders. It would have been better than to pay $10,000,000,000 for the war and pensions, the principal and interest of the public debt, as we have done, to say nothing of the financial losses of the south and the losses of life on both sides. In the winter of 1863 congress did give the president a chance to try it by appropriating $15,000,000 for an experiment in Missouri. But Missourians wouldn't have it. They were afraid of the United States bonds, although Mr. Lincoln told them that bonds were better than bondsmen, and that two-legged property was very uncertain property to hold. They would have nothing to do with it, and so afterwards gave up their slaves for nothing instead of for United States bonds.

MATCHLESS AS SPEAKER.

Lincoln's second inaugural was one of the most famous speeches ever uttered. It has been compared to the utterances of the prophetic writers of the Old Testament and the apostles of the New. It closes with the famous passage, "With malice towards none, with charity for all, with firmness in the right, as God gives us to see the right, let us strive on to finish the work we are in; to bind up the nation's wounds; to care for him who shall have borne the battle, and for his widows and for his orphans—to do all which may achieve and cherish a just and lasting peace among ourselves and with all nations."

Is it true, then, that this hard-footed, half-clothed child of a poor white family, ill-sheltered in winter in an open shack which a wild animal would have deserted for a cave in the earth, without formal education, after long hours of toil, stretched on the unpaved floor, gathering by the firelight on the hearth such scraps of knowledge as he could, is it true that he rose to high public station, even the chief magistracy of the richest, mightiest nation in the world; that his utterances on state occasions for the last ten years of his life have been likened to the Psalms, the visions of Isaiah and the thirteenth chapter of First Corinthians? Yes, it is true. It tends to prove that there is in this human a spark of the divine.

HIS HUMOROUS NATURE

Lincoln, like Shakespeare, touched all the keys of human experience, from the lowest notes to the top of the compass. It has been taught that the author of the dark tragedies of Hamlet and Lear would have lost his reason if he had not been able to find relaxation in the merriment of "As You Like It," "The Merry Wives," and "The Tempest." The same might have been true of Lincoln if he had not been possessed of the humor which makes a clear atmosphere about the realities of life. This humor served not merely as relaxation, but also as argument. In 1864 when the Cleveland convention nominated McClellan, Mr. Lincoln's humorous story, "not best to swap horses while crossing the stream," won him thousands of votes. Scores of his pithy sayings served as solid arguments: "In giving freedom to the slave we assure freedom to the free." "The struggle of today is for a vast future also." "If slavery is not wrong, nothing is wrong." When the cabinet, congress and the country were criticising him for giving up the envoys taken off the British steamer, his reply "One war at a time," silenced them all.

VASTNESS OF HIS TASK.

Let us refer a moment to the beginning of his presidency. He comes back from the excitement of his inauguration and sits down to think over the situation. The treasury empty, the national credit gone, the small army scattered and unequipped, half its officers gone over to the confederacy, he himself a minority president, the three opposing candidates having polled a million more votes than he, his own party discordant and as yet without reputation, the majority of the people viewing him with bitter prejudice and even contempt, the great nations of Europe awaiting an opportunity for armed intervention. Yet, in spite of all, this untried man of the frontier held together the factions of his own party, won the confidence of the north and the respect of the south, crushed the most stupendous of rebellions which was supported by armies more vast, an organization more perfect, and directed by generals of greater military skill than were ever arrayed for the dismemberment of any nation.

GROWS GREATER WITH TIME.

He was as magnanimous as he was true. Witness his appointment of his most abusive critic as secretary of war, and of the cabinet officer who tried to defeat him for renomination, to the high office of chief justice of the United States. Advancing as fast as public opinion warranted against the institution of slavery, he proclaimed emancipation and clinched the work by securing the passage of the thirteenth amendment to the constitution prohibiting slavery and involuntary servitude throughout the United States.

Secretary Hay, who was Lincoln's private secretary for four years, and afterwards spent years on Nicolay and Hay's Life of Lincoln, was asked, "As you continue your study of Lincoln, does he seem larger or less?" "He seems greater and greater," said Mr. Hay. And as to John Hay, so to all students of the civil war.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH POWDER 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. No harmful drugs. 25c. blower free; all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

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Pure Oats-Cocoa

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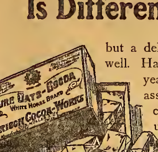
Is Different—Not a Medicine



but a delightful, healthful food for young and old, sick or well. Has been a daily food drink all over Europe for 20 years. Recommended by all physicians, as it is easily assimilated. Possesses highly nourishing qualities and can be retained by the most delicate stomach. It's daily use will positively relieve indigestion and dyspepsia.

For Those With Poor Blood Coffee Is a Poison

Pure Oats-Cocoa is health and strength. Children should be given every morning a cup of **Pure Oats-Cocoa.** It is a builder of bone and muscle, health and endurance. Its good effect will soon be noticeable.

Pure Oats-Cocoa is packed in cubes, insuring absolute cleanliness without waste, as each cube makes two cups of cocoa.

We are going to give every housewife in Madison the opportunity of trying PURE OATS-COCOA at small expense. Ask your grocer for a free sample of PURE OATS-COCOA.

Try OATS-COCOA and Your Palate Will Call for It Again

For sale by all grocers in 25 and 50 cent packages.

Cocoa is better after boiling a few moments.

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INCORPORATORS

YOUNG Men's Clothes, medium priced, are featured especially with us. You will always find goods at our store exactly as represented.

Hand-tailored suits - - **$12.50 to $15.00**

Overcoats that we sold all season for $18, $20, $22, to close - - - - - - **$12.50**

NEW HATS. We have received an advance shipment of our spring styles. Imported and Domestic manufacture; prices to suit, **$1.50, $2, $2.50, 3.00**

Bargains in Shirts and Underwear. We are closing out some lots at **80c**, regular $1.50 value.

CARNEY-LANZ CLOTHING CO.

Mendelson's Old Stand. 11 South Pinckney Street

CAN'T HOLD TWO JOBS.

Washington, D. C, Feb. 11—Unable to accept compensation for his services as chairman of the district railway commission, General John M. Wilson, U. S. A., has resigned. His ineligibility arose from the fact that an army officer, active or retired, is forbidden from receiving a salary other than his regular pay for services to the United States government.

[Official Publication.]

Report of the Condition of the

BANK OF WISCONSIN.

Located at Madison, State of Wisconsin, at the close of business on the 5th day of February, 1909, pursuant to call by the Commissioner of Banking.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$816,293 07
Overdrafts		1,526 71
Bonds		11,860 00
Due from banks	$262,716 83	
Checks on other banks and cash items	489 44	
Exchanges for clearing house	10,176 66	
Cash on hand	54,634 05	328,017 03
Total		$1,157,697 71

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	50,000 00
Undivided profits	46,450 38
Dividends unpaid	70 00
Deposits	961,177 33
Total	$1,157,697 71

STATE OF WISCONSIN, County of Dane. } ss

I, Joseph M. Boyd, President of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOSEPH M. BOYD, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of February, 1909.

CARL W. HEYL, Notary Public.
My commission expires Sept. 25, 1910.

Correct. Attest:
Frank W Hoyt,
R. R. Kropf,
A. L. Sanborn,
Frank Kessenich, } Directors.

Chas. O'Neill, Asst. Cashier.
W B. Boys, Asst. Cashier at State Street Branch.

The Thing That Counts.

What will man not do for those whom he loves! The music hall singer and her canary bird tell the same old story. She was in Messina when the earthquake came and the sea came and the fire came; but she finally reached Naples by means of a German steamer. The steamer brought some eight hundred refugees; wounded some of them were; there were children without parents and parents without children; and all of them were ragged and worn out with the struggle and the flight. One of these was the music hall singer, with her dress as tattered as that of a beggar, and probably with pretty much all that she had on earth lost, but with her canary bird; and as the big boat was docked the little fellow trilled his loudest and merriest in a song of thanksgiving for all hands that they were saved. The bird sat perched on her finger, well knowing that her hand was home and fortune and all good things for him; and she—well, she had a good deal left, for she had saved the little life of her dear comrade and friend. It is not the thing that one loves that counts; what counts is the love that holds fast.—Hartford Courant.

Women rule the waves of the matrimonial sea.

STATE JOURNAL.

PUBLISHED BY
The State Journal Printing Co.

TERMS BY MAIL:

DAILY, per year	$4 00
DAILY, six months	2 00
DAILY, three months	1 00
WEEKLY, per year	1 00

TERMS BY CARRIER:

DAILY, per month	42 cts
DAILY, per week	10 cts

Entered at the postoffice at Madison, Wis., as second-class matter

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1909.

Juvenile Court Legislation.

Senator Fairchild's bill known as No. 17. S., which is with the committee on judiciary is excellent as far as it goes. It is, "a bill providing for a juvenile court, defining its jurisdiction over children, over persons charged with contributing to the delinquency of children, and over adult persons charged with committing certain offenses which are specified in this act; providing for the appointment of probation officers, a clerk and deputy clerk, outlining their duties, and specifying their compensation; providing a lawful method of procedure against juvenile delinquents and dependents, specifying places for their temporary and permanent detention; providing for time and place of trial; providing that no destitute girl shall be sent to the industrial school for girls and providing for a seal."

The bill applies only to cities with a population of two hundred thousand or more inhabitants. This includes only Milwaukee.

Certain provisions took effect, in July, 190?, for the appointment of four or more probation officers in counties having over 150,000 population. But as most counties have only from ten thousand to seventy five thousand population, few cities are benefited by the law. Dane county has not the requisite population, although there seems to be no good reason for the absence of a juvenile court in Madison.

"Children should not be considered as criminals, but as victims of circumstance," says Judge Ben Lindsey, the famous Denver juvenile court judge. Among other principles which have been worked out are that children should not be thrown into association, before, during, or after trial, with criminals or adults under accusation, that "all the resources of the community should be used by the court to promote the welfare of the child, and to protect him," that judges should be "child experts," and that competent paid probation officers should be at the disposal of the court.

It is said that parents and others should in many cases be held responsible for the misdemeanors of children. These principles and facts being true the treatment of children in many Wisconsin courts, might be open to question. The ordinary processes of law do not fully recognize the special needs of the child in its development. Statutes set the limits of this development at various ages, from fourteen years to twenty-one in many cases.

The Wisconsin limit is sixteen years. Although the age might well be raised here, to eighteen or twenty, Wisconsin is in advance of fourteen states which have neither juvenile courts nor probation laws.

With two-thirds of the states aroused upon the necessity of better courts for children, the position taken for the benefit of Milwaukee delinquents is of interest to the entire state as a beginning of more general provisions.

In Oklahoma, "trial shall be so conducted as to disarm the child's fears, and win his respect, and confidence." Idaho provides that the school superintendent and probation judge shall work in conjunction. Iowa provides for the levying of a special tax for the support of probation officers. New Hampshire makes it unlawful to publish any of the proceedings of any juvenile court, and Washington legislation provides for the jurisdiction of the judge of the juvenile court over the employment of child labor.

Women Under Socialism.

There appears to be considerable divergence of opinion as to the position that woman would occupy under a socialistic form of life and government. Prof. Hess in a recent lecture at the University of Wisconsin said that in the event of the establishment of socialism the social and political emancipation of woman that would follow would mean the destruction of the ideals of the home, but a quite opposite view is taken by a woman thinker of the east.

Mrs. Charlot Perkins Gilman, the poet reformer, speaking of the women's forum at New York, gave her answer to the frequent question asked, "What effect will socialism have on the home?" In the first place, Mrs. Gilman said that the home as it exists is held together largely by economic causes, women and children being bound to it as a means of support and men being committed to its support. She said socialism would give all mothers a claim on the state to provide for herself and her children. She thought there would be more happy marriages under the coming regime, because marriages would be based upon love alone, and home would be held together through affection rather than material necessity.

Of course such discussions are unprofitable as are all more or less so when the terms employed have varying meanings to those employing them, but it is noticeable that the bugaboo of the danger to womanhood and the home is always held up when any proposition to enlarge the scope of the "burden bearers of the race" is advance.

Prof. Lowell, Harvard's president-to-be, has struck a sound and responsive chord in his determination to consult the views of his students as to his policy. "When I was a student in college," he said, "I had opinions, very definite opinions, as to how some of these things should be managed. I never expressed those opinions; but I still believe that those opinions were worth something. Now, I hope that you will feel free to make your opinions known. I believe very strongly in the undergraduates' view of things and I have confidence in the judgment of the undergraduates."

Whatever the outcome may be of what looks like a long fight to the death between the hatmakers and their employees, the effect on the consumer is not likely to be very serious, says the Springfield Republican. "Hats go out of fashion but they seldom wear out, and fashion in a great emergency might decree old hats as the proper thing," it adds.

A glance at our own legislature would indicate that this is the era of the young man in politics. It is the cubs, the "yearlings," that are shaking up the old bones of the state. And it is so elsewhere in this section. The oldest man in the Indiana legislature is but 61.

In vetoing the census bill President Roosevelt dealt congress his hardest and most daring blow in that he took out of the hands of the members 3,500 appointments which will now be made under the merit system if the veto stands.

AMONG STATE EDITORS.

A so-called electric hen is one of the latest contrivances in connection with the poultry business. Unfortunately however, while the device is warranted to prove a good hatcher it is not worth a cent as an egg producer.—Oshkosh Northwestern.

* * *

A drainage commission is now proposed at Madison. Also a utility commission for every municipality. It would not seem natural unless the legislature adds a couple of new commissions this session.—Racine Journal.

* * *

They are quarreling at Madison over who shall pray for the legislature. Some people in the state believe that all the members might get busy in that direction with some chance for improvement.—Wausau Record-Herald.

* * *

In his address here on Thursday evening, Judge Neele B. Nelson of Milwaukee paid a handsome tribute to the newsboys of Milwaukee. In the years of his service on the bench no newsboy has been brought in to him charged with crime. The reason he gives is that a boy with spunk enough to be a newsboy keeps too busy to find time to get into mischief. —Eau Claire Leader.

* * *

Several cities are claiming to be the birthplace of Poe. As his parents were actors in a traveling company, it is understood that the poet was born when his mother was away from home.—Racine Times.

* * *

One of the best bills that has so far been introduced in the legislature at Madison is the one by Assemblyman Hull of Jackson county regarding the saloon limit near cities. This bill absolutely forbids the granting of a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors within one mile of the municipal limits of any city or village in the state. The bill will hit a good many saloons and road houses that are located just outside of cities and villages.—Marinette Eagle Star.

* * *

No stronger argument in favor of the reduction of removal of the present duty on lumber could be produced than that offered by the National Forest Conservation league, having its headquarters in Minneapolis. The people of Minnesota generally are taking a keen interest in the discussion of the tariff on lumber, for they have had a perfect demonstration within the past few years of what a continuance of this tax will mean to them, if, indeed, the damage already done can ever be repaired.—Whitewater Times.

* * *

The time is ripe when the legislature of the state of Wisconsin ought to enact a law governing murder, or homicide, or even attempted murder, which will absolutely prevent the plea of insanity being set up unless the person committing the murder is an escaped lunatic or notoriously an insane person.—Wausau Record-Herald.

* * *

The Evening Wisconsin of Milwaukee calls for moderation and economy in legislation from the state representatives. The editorial appeal is timely. There is no demand for great extensions of commissions and boards or for unusual appropriations in many cases. The state is experiencing a steady revival in business but cannot afford reckless waste of state funds, which would require increased taxation.—Wausau Record-Herald.

* * *

Gov. Davidson's choice of bird's-eye maple as the wood representative of the hardwood resources of the state in the cabin work of the new steamer United States, in course of construction at Manitowoc, is warranted by the fact that the maple is the state tree. The timber of Wisconsin in early days included some of the finest bird's-eye and curly maple that was ever converted into furniture or veneering. Many an old settler can tell of sawing and splitting bird's-eye maple by the cord for the kitchen fire and the heating stoves. The wood of this character that was thus used would be worth a vast fortune were it in existence today.—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

A wise man ceases to be wise when he begins to boast of his wisdom.

The First National Bank

OF MADISON, WIS.

NO. 144

United States Depository

Report of Condition at Close of Business, February 5th, 1909.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$723,633 95	Capital	$ 100,000.00
United States Bonds	140,050.00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	126,445.66
Banking House	20,000.00	Circulating Bank Notes	83,200.00
Other Real Estate	4,447.71	Deposits	1,106,236.61
Cash and Due from Banks	551,052 00		
	$1,416,884.16		$1,416,884.16

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

A. E. Proudfit, Pres. — M. E. Fuller, Vice Pres.
Halle Steensland — R. M. Bashford
F. G. Brown — Jno. E. Mossley

Wayne Ramsay, Cashier.
M. C. Clarke, Ass't Cashier.

The New Naval Commission

Justice Moody, United States Supreme Court, at Top. Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans Below.

Washington, D. C.—Among the members of the newly named commission to reorganize the navy none stands out more prominently than Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans and Justice Moody, former secretary of the navy. The new commission is composed of the strongest and most experienced men whose lives have been especially fitted to suggest reorganization of the navy.

Justice William Henry Moody fills a very important place on the commission, for in addition to his experience with the navy as secretary of that department from 1902 to 1904 he has had a vast legal experience and congressional experience which will serve the commission to advantage.

Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans is today one of the most practical and experienced authorities on naval affairs in the world. "Fighting Bob" has made a life study of his profession and knows it thoroughly.

University Trust Funds to Loan.

On real estate security. No commission charged. These funds are subject to Regents order on the State Treasurer to produce scholarships and fellowships for students benefit.

Apply at the State Bank, to L. S Hanks, chairman of Finance committee.

M. E. Mc COFFREY, Secretary.

"Lincoln Commemorial"

Monster massmeeting in honor of the great Abraham Lincoln next Sunday, February 14th, 3 o'clock p. m., in the Woodman hall.

Ex-assemblyman Carl D. Thompson from Milwaukee will speak on Socialism the fulfillment of Democracy.

Do not neglect this opportunity to get a review of American history besides paying a tribute to one of our greatest presidents.

Preaching will start 3 o'clock sharp.

Admission Free

THE GRAND

On Friday spend a part of your Holiday at the Grand—an hour's time and a nickel—we'll do the rest.

PROGRAM:
The Montana Schoolmarm
The Bridge of Sighs
Two Broken Hearts
The Naughty Little Princess

2 to 5 — 7 to 10:30

PHONES BETTERED NO REBUKE

RAILROAD COMMISSION DECIDES WISCONSIN COMPANY HAS REFORMED.

SHOULD KEEP UP STANDARDS.

Improvement of Past Year Is Commended—Poor Service Was Alleged.

That the Wisconsin Telephone company of Milwaukee has made such improvements in its service since the complaint was filed against the corporation by Lorenz & Lorenz one year ago, that mandatory order for further improvements is unnecessary, was the effect of a decision by the railroad commission, made public today.

The case was submitted on May 18 last and decided on Dec. 30 last, but the decision was so voluminous that printed copies had to be made before it could be made public. The decision contains 47 pages of printed matter in small type.

INVESTIGATION THOROUGH.

No public utility in this state has been compelled to submit to a more searching examination than was made of this company by the railroad commission, and had it not been for the prompt action of the company in improving its service as soon as the evils were pointed out, a stringent ultimatum might have been directed today, instead of this mild order.

"The tonic of these proceedings should be sufficient to prevent a relapse into the condition of the early part of the year 1907," says the commission. "It appears to us that we can only recommend to the company the maintenance of the standards of the twelve months immediately passed, and, if possible, to improve upon them; the continuation of this policy to make the physical plant the best which money and skill can produce; the application of increasing efforts in the selection of its operating force from the very best timber available, and the doing of whatever necessary to maintain the unity and continuity of that operating force."

GIST OF COMPLAINT.

The complaint filed by Lorenz & Lorenz charged that the service was unreliable and insufficient; that the operators declined to answer calls; and that the wages were too low to permit securing of competent help.

The commission carried on an independent investigation, making exhaustive tests, which showed that most calls were answered within two seconds; and the longest wait was nine seconds. Several pages in the decision is devoted to an analysis of the wages paid to operators, whose average daily wage was $1 01, and in making a comparison with the wages paid other female help for service of similar skill, finds this amount sufficient for maintaining stability of employment and high grade of service. The report shows that 223 of the operators had been in the employ of the company over forty-one months, and 447 for over twenty-three months.

FULLER OPERA HOUSE
MANAGEMENT MARCUS HEIMAN

Twice Sunday, Feb. 14

UNDER THE HARVEST MOON

Companion play to "THE OLD HOMESTEAD."

Mat 15¢ to 25¢.
Night 15¢ to 50¢.

FULLER OPERA HOUSE
MANAGEMENT MARCUS HEIMAN

FRIDAY, FEB. 19

MATINEE AND NIGHT

The Girly Music Play.

THE GIRL QUESTION?

Also Paul Nicholson
SONGS—GIRLS—FUN

Sister to
THE TIME THE PLACE AND THE GIRL.

Seat Sale Wednesday

Prices: Matinee 25¢ to $1.00
Night 50¢ to $1 50.

Louis James and Aphie James in "Peer Gynt" at the Fuller Opera House twice next Wednesday.

THE GRAND

Will present in Motion Pictures
THE LIFE OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN
and other very interesting subjects on
Saturday, Feb. 13th
BOTH AFTERNOON AND EVENING

FULLER OPERA HOUSE
MANAGEMENT - MARCUS HEIMAN

TWICE TUESDAY FEB. 16

Triumphant Return of "The Play Beautiful"

A Message From Mars

Bargain Prices

MATINEE
Balcony 25¢.
Entire Lower Floor—50¢.

NIGHT
Gallery—25¢.
Balcony—50¢ and 75¢.
Lower Floor $1.00.

Never Produced in Madison Before
The Greatest Comedy Ever Written

AT THE WHITE HORSE TAVERN

From the German "Im Weissen Ross'l"

By special arrangement with the National Theatre Company of the Schubert Theatre Milwaukee this delightful comedy will be produced at the

FULLER OPERA HOUSE

One Night Only--Monday, Feb. 15

Whole Lower Floor $1.00.
First Five Rows of Balcony 75¢.
Back of Fifth row 50¢.
Gallery 25¢.

FULLER OPERA HOUSE | SATURDAY TWICE FEB. 13

ANOTHER BIG MUSICAL COMEDY COMING

THIS TIME IT IS

The Latest and Brightest LA SALLE THEATRE, CHICAGO SUCCESS

A GIRL AT THE HELM

Book by Robert B. Smith. Presented by Princess Amusement Co., (Inc.) Personal Direction Mort H. Singer Music by Raymond Hubbell

With BILLY S. CLIFFORD and MAUD LAMBERT

Countess Olga Von Hatzfield, Florence Martin, Robert Pitkin, Bernhardt, Niemeyer, Harry Brown, and Others, Including the

$10,000 CHALLENGE BEAUTY CHORUS DE LUXE

AND THE DEAR LITTLE MECHANICS

MATINEE 25c to $1. EVE. 50c to $1.50. SEATS NOW SELLING

Lest We Forget

Friday, Feb. 13—Lincoln day exercises at university primarium at 9 a. m.

Saturday, Feb. 14—"The Girl of the Hebe," at Fuller opera house.

Sunday, Feb. 15—Meeting of Turnvoll and Oneida societies.

Society

Rev. R. H. Vaughan of Elk Mound, who was organizer for Chicago in 1900 of the Religious Educational Association meeting, was entertained the first of the week at the home of Prof. and Mrs. W. H. Peck, 312 North Hamilton street. Rev. Vaughan is president of the state Sunday school association.

Miss Charlotte Richmond entertained at a valentine party Thursday evening for the pupils of the Wisconsin Academy.

The Epworth League of the First Methodist Episcopal church is planning to give a farewell party for Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Pratt, 512 North Hamilton. 1228 Jenifer street. Mr. and Mrs. Bunting will leave the latter part of next week for their new home near Ft. Atkinson.

Mr. William Tasch, of Baraboo, has returned home after enjoying a brief visit with Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Wentzel, 311 West Gilman street. Mr. Tasch is president of the State Horticultural society.

Mr. and Mrs. August Gaetz, 1213 West Johnson street, are entertaining Mrs. Emma Schneider of Lynch, Neb.

Mr. Frank Worthington, 314 North Bruen street, returned Wednesday evening from a weeks' visit with his cousin, Mr. Francis Worthington, in Fond du Lac. Mr. Worthington is a son of Mrs. Fulton Worthington, formerly president of the State Historical society.

Mrs. Arlie McComb, 1225 University avenue, will leave the first of the week for Stoughton where she will be the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John McCumber.

Miss Lucy Case, 918 West Johnson street, will visit friends and relatives in West Allis next Sunday.

A large number of friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Pike, 1004 East Main street, Wednesday evening, Feb. 11, to help celebrate their fifteenth wedding anniversary. They received many useful and beautiful glass presents. The dining room was beautifully decorated, the color being red. A bountiful supper was served.

Mrs. Beaulac Lawrence of Sterling, Ill., has returned to her home after visiting Mrs. Mary Mc. and Mrs. Thomas Jill., Purcell, 1004 Spaight street.

The University league will confer a reception in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. lunkers conference Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the music room of Claybourne hall. This is a regular February meeting of the league and following the custom of the previous years, it is made complimentary to visitors of the week at the university.

The recording given yesterday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Roland, 1512 University avenue, for the benefit of the Y. W. C. A. summer camp, was a most successful affair and netted $100.

The marriage of Miss Agnes Tyler Bowen, 622 Park street, to Mr. George K. Meredith will take one place at Antigo yesterday at the home of the bride's brother, H. E. Sartor. Miss Bowen is a graduate of the university a member of the Kappa Kappa Gamma sorority and recently resigned the position she held as clerk in the Registered library.

Miss Emily, of Wisconsin avenue recently of Chicago, has been ill for several days with grippe and pleurisy.

The Misses Richmond, of the Madison Academy, will give their pupils a dancing party Saturday night, at Keeley's.

Mr. J. Q. Emery, dairy and food commissioner, returned to the city afternoon absence of several days.

Miss Lucinda Hunter, who resides on Johnson street, was taken to Milton yesterday for a visit with friends.

Miss Ellen Vorren, 208 Wisconsin avenue, will entertain a few friends at a card party tonight.

Miss Merle Williams of Indianapolis, who came to attend the high school prom, is visiting Miss Cora Case, 123 North Franklin street.

Miss Ruth and Laura Case, 123 North Franklin street, are recovering from a severe attack of scarlet fever.

Miss Meg Grady will entertain the "Wilde Girls," in honor of Miss Merle Williams of Indianapolis.

The third dancing season to be given by the orchestra and students of the Capital City Commercial college will be held at Colonial hall next Thursday evening, Feb. 19. Tickets $1.00.

Mr. Elmer Smith of Brendon is entertaining a delegation of the home of his brother, Mr. Harry Smith, 1008 West Washington avenue.

Mr. Carl Barney, 1326 West Johnson street, will leave Saturday evening for Ashland, where he will spend a few days with friends.

Mrs. Lovina Skya, who has been a guest of Mrs. Margaret Fix, 420 West Dayton street, the past week, returned to Stoughton Wednesday evening.

Messrs. Alvin Biggs and Andrew Wick, 316 North Bruen street, are spending the the week-end with friends in Stoughton. Both young men are sophomores in the university.

Mrs. Mary Mc. of Pondmores is attending the Augusta classes at the auditorium this week.

Miss Isabelle Pearse 254 West Dayton street, left Tuesday for an extended visit with relatives and friends in Rockford and other points.

Miss Gertrude Hall, 1219 East Gorham street, is spending the day with friends in Stoughton.

Miss Helen Gumse, 1206 Jenifer street, left last evening for a brief visit with her mother, Mrs. Albert Gumse, Oregon. She was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Frank Hall.

Mr. Ray S. Baker, 420 North Bruen

$1.00 GIVEN AWAY

The person giving the best instance in a letter to the State Journal about results received from a Want Ad will be given a dollar Saturday. Letters must be brief and the facts clearly stated.

BRANCH WANT AD AGENTS.

Pick the agent nearest you and leave your want ads with him or telephone S 540 or B. 752.

J. L. McCarthy, Pharmacy, Atwood Ave. & Division St.

Chas. H. Marks, Grocery, 1332 Williamson.

Bobbs Pharmacy, 1054 Williamson.

A. L. Van Dueaan, Confectionery, 210 E. Wilson.

Henry Lowis, Drug Store, 608 State.

Sumner & Cramton, Drug Store, 502 State.

Menges Pharmacies, 829 University Ave.

J. E. McCarthy, Grocery, 1315 University Ave.

Saul Kasdin, General Store, South Madison.

ANSWERS TO ADS.

B. A., (3); B. 2 (1); C. 3 (2); C 7 (1); C. 8 (1); D. (1); D 5 (7); D. D. D., (5); K. M., (4); O (1).

LOST AND FOUND.

REWARD—Suitable reward will be paid for information regarding the whereabouts of one B. W. Nelson Criminal charge. Write or wire L. C. Reber, 184 LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.

LOST—Gold watch with monogram attached to enameled chatelaine pin, between capitol and Murray St. Reward. Tel. Bell 128 or Stand. 2187.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

GOOD WAGES—paid for girl for general housework, 120 Langdon.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Two in family. Apply evenings. 8 West Gilman.

WANTED—Chamber maid at Park Hotel Apply to housekeeper.

WANTED—A stenographer. Room 4, Hub building. Open evenings.

WANTED—10 girls for general housework, 2 cooks and a housekeeper. Hess Employment Agency 638 Williamson B 970. S. 1240.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Four more road men to work for a reliable house. Address "J. H N." Hotel Madison.

WANTED—Salesmen, $36 a week and expenses to men with rig to introduce poultry and stock remedies. Experience unnecessary. Reliable company and exclusive territory given. The Grant Co., Dept. 88, Springfield, Illinois.

WANTED—First class clerk at Cronin's.

WANTED—Railway Mail Clerks. Examinations here May th. Preparation free. Franklin Institute Rochester, N. Y.

Men—Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in few weeks, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ills.

POSITIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED—By student who has withdrawn from university on account of lack of funds Have had work in business lines. Can give references. Address D. 7, State Journal.

WANTED—By strong young married men position to work on farm Address A W., State Journal.

WANTED—By young lady position as nurse to one or two children Experienced. Apply W. A. L.

POSITIONS WANTED—By first class cheese and buttermaker with best references D. 3 Journal office.

WORK WANTED.

I AM IDLE—I want work; have references for honesty and ability; some experience at clerical work; am strong, able and willing. D 4 Journal

CUT RATE SHIPPING.

Cut rates on household goods to Pacific Coast and other points. Superior service at reduced rates. The Boyd Transfer Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

CUT FLOWERS AND BULBS—Healthy and beautiful plants Prices reasonable. Information as to care of flowers E. Everett 915 University avenue phone S. 782 2 rings.

TAILORS.

LADIES AND GENTS TAILORING—Cleaning, pressing and repairing garments. Alterations a specialty. J. F. Janicek, 103 N. Hamilton St.

COMFORT SHOP.
Shampooing, manicuring, facial and scalp treatments.
The Misses Bassett and Taylor
313 Wis. Block, State St.

BEAUTY SHOP
Massaging, manicuring, hand moulding shampooing and hair work, switches and puffs made to order from combings.
MRS. A. C. REYNOLDS,
20 East Mifflin St.
Classes taught evenings and Sundays. Bell phone 3079

MASSAGING—MANICURING
Hand moulding shampooing and scalp diseases permanently cured
Miss Katherine Michaels,
305 Frances St. ..Bell phone 3132

The Esser Hair Shop.
Switches, wigs and toupees made to order. Fancy goods and needle work a specialty. 4 S. Carroll St., B. 1146.

HENRY T. SHELDON.
Lawyer.
36 and 39 Tenney Block,
Madison, Wis.

Furniture Upholstering
E. ENGLEHARDT.
Phones S. 3939—B. 2928.
309 State street.
Store with White Front

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—5-piece walnut parlor suit, worth $45.00. $15.00. Bell phone 637 or call 810 Williamson St.

FOR SALE—Restaurant business. Good location on west side. Address "C 6" this office.

FOR SALE—A parrot and cage swell talker, three year-old at 115 North Blair, 2ed floor. Price $50.

FOR SALE—80 acre well improved farm with good buildings. 5 acres first class timberland. Jas. Meek, Lodi, Wis

FOR SALE—New 1909 Haynes automobile, fully equipped with top, glass front, gas tank, Rushmore lamps. Inquire of Oscar Greenwald, care Olmbel Bros

FOR SALE—Gas stove with coal and wood heater attached. Typewriter, desk and chair, writing desk. Black walnut hair cloth sofa, globe kitchen cabinet. D I Journal.

FOR SALE—Will sacrifice furniture of four room flat, Rent of flat with bath, gas range $12; three blocks from University. Address "C 7"—Journal.

FOR SALE—At a bargain; a complete bedroom suite consisting of dresser, comode, bed, springs and mattress. 412 West Washington.

FOR SALE—80-acre farm all under cultivation, lies between Madison and Verona. Good buildings, price right. For further particulars apply K. M., his office.

FOR SALE—Cinch score cards, 8 cents a dozen at the State Journal office.

FOR SALE—Good 8 room house, corner lot 40x60 feet; near factories and car line. Will sell cheap if taken at once. Inquire, 401 N. Few St.

FOR SALE—Edison talking machine Good as new. Apply 1147 E. Gorham.

FOR SALE—Small farm near the city. Will trade in part for city property. Address Box 15. Route 6, Madison.

INVESTMENT.

In a gilt edge Montana Copper mine owned by Wisconsin men. Incorporated on a plan strictly fair to every investor. Have examined the property three different times in company with a high class mining engineer. For particulars concerning the company address "C 4."

Jefferson Transfer Co. Under New Management.
Coach, carriage and baggage, hotel, depot and city. Carriage work a specialty. New horses and carriages. Location Fashion Livery Phone No. 7.

CARPENTER REPAIRING.
Wood turning and carving...All kinds of furniture repaired and made to order.
Pete Peterson, 742 E Johnson St.

Up-to-Date.
Second hand store All kinds of second hand goods bought and sold. 810 Williamson St. Phone B. 637.

Have your House Cleaned Now by the "Electric Invincible Renovator" process. Place your order for any date now before the rush. No dirt no noise. Cleans rugs, carpets, furniture and rails. 75c to $2.00 per room E. B. Miller, S. phone 6589.

Having decided to locate at 451 West Mifflin and desiring to introduce my work, will make for one month one piece gowns—shirt waist suits and Jacket suits for six, eight and ten dollars.
Mrs. Vinnie Latta Nelson

Have Your Shoes Renewed
at lowest prices, work guaranteed Best white oak leather used. Work called for and delivered. Try us once and you will call again.
Joe Switzky 611 E. Johnson.

LIKE EATING AT HOME.
Big variety, lots of it, and good stuff for $3.50 a week. Home Restaurant, 513 State St. Opp. Co. Op.

SPEAKING OF YOUR DRESS
shirt waists and party gowns that are soiled, faded or looking old in color. We are experts in this work and can restore that new appearance to your old dresses you have tired of.
GIVE US A TRIAL.
Our cleaning and dyeing services are reasonable and like our pressing and repairing can't be beaten.
Phone and we will call
CARDINAL DYE WORKS,
623 University Ave.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Large front room with alcove. Also clothes closet. Would be suitable for man and wife. 707 W. Dayton.

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished flat of 6 rooms, on lake shore. All modern conveniences. Two squares from capitol. Address B., 103, Journal.

FOR RENT—Barn 432 W. Johnson St.

FOR RENT—2 flats, 1048 Jenifer street, Inquire 708 Williamson street.

FOR RENT—5 room house. Inquire P. Boyd 516 E. Washington avenue.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, modern, 513 Frances.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, 146 West Johnson.

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished modern front room block from capitol. 17 North Webster.

FOR RENT—Completely furnished 3-room heated apartment. Sitting room, two bedrooms, closet, private bath, fire place, piano. Miss Sumner. The Irving, 419 Sterling Court, Standard phone 6665.

FOR RENT—7 room flat, all modern conveniences. Inquire at 24 East Mifflin street.

FOR RENT—4 rooms suitable for light housekeeping at 802 E. Washington avenue. Enquire of A. H. Kayser. Bell phone 2635.

FOR RENT—Six-room lower flat at 435 Warren street; $11 per month Immediate possession. Inquire M. E. McCaffery, Secretary, Regents of the University of Wisconsin.

FOR RENT—4 completely furnished rooms. Convenient for legislators. Stand. phone 7224.

FOR RENT—Large handsomely furnished rooms with table board 424 No. Pinckney.

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—Furnished room with piano on east side. Must be reasonable. Address "D-8" State Journal.

WANTED—Room and alcove or large room not more than 3 blocks from Capitol. Give address, phone number. Permanent. Add. D 6 Journal.

WANTED TO RENT—For March 1, or middle of April 6 or 7 room flat or small house Modern conveniences No children. Within 6 or 7 blocks of high school. "B-2."—Journal.

Mrs. W. W. Pierce.
Material for art needle work. Instruction given and stamping done to order, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of each week at 315 Johnson Court. Phone Stand. 6203.

DRESSMAKING.

Plain sewing and dressmaking. Bell phone 1190 315 South Henry.

John Svatos—Repairing, pressing, and cleaning promptly done. Suits made to order. Merchant tailor 250 Gilman, corner State

DOCTORS

DR. EDITH S. HAIGH.
Office over Kaiser's Fair store 31 N. Pinckney street. Hours 10-15, 2-5 phones S. 2253; B. 1506

DYE WORKS.

Ladies' and Men's garments cleaned, dyed and pressed. Hats cleaned and reblocked. Madison Steam Dye Works, 112 S. Pinckney St. B. 2485.

WANTED—Pressing and cleaning. $1.20 ticket $1.00. Phones S. 3255; B. 1500, Cardinal Dye Works 623 University ave.

NOTICE.

Thomas hauls ashes, cleans cisterns, chimneys furnaces and cess pools. Bell 986.

Foundry & Machine Shop.
King & Walker Madison Wis
623 E. Main St.
Iron Work of every kind. Boilers and Engines, Pipe, Valves, Fittings, Belting, Steam Supplies of all kinds.

PATENTS.
Inventions examined and Patents procured.
MORGAN & BOETTCHER
Attorneys & Patent Experts,
4 Ellsworth Block, Madison.

Madison Plating Works
copper plating, nickel plating, oxidizing and polishing.
Old work made to look like new.
JOSEPH BOUCHARD
619 Williamson St. Phone B. 2010

MEDICAL

DR. J P. WEST.
Veterinary Physician and Surgeon.
Cattle tested for tuberculosis
Phones Bell 891; Stand. 923
121 Monona Ave

TUBERCULOSIS
Have your cattle tested by a competent man.
Smith & Deadman
Veterinarians, Madison, Wis.

DR. J. W. VANCE, SPECIALIST
PAINLESS treatment of Piles, Fistula, Fissures and Rectal Ulcers. Book on diseases of the Rectum sent free.
Office, 208 S. Fairchild, Madison, Wisconsin

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Information regarding patent which would be money-maker. Only inventor who wishes to sell direct to manufacturer need answer. Give price and description. L. Darbyshire, Box 1822-A, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Small sum of money to invest in good property. Nine per cent net. "25" this office.

LEAD PENCILS—Largest assortment in the state. Parson's Printing and Stationery Co.

MONEY TO LOAN—On improved real estate or for building purposes. No commission charged. Parkinson-Marling Lumber Co.

FOUNTAIN PENS—Large assortment of best makes of fountain pens. Get one on trial Parsons Printing and Stationery Co

TREES, SHRUBS, PLANTS, ETC.

If in need of anything in the nursery line for street, lawn or garden, we should be pleased to have your address. Stock sold on guaranteed basis. We shall try and see all of last spring's customers personally before the 1909 delivery.

The Coe, Converse & Edwards Co, Ft. Atkinson, Wis.

WANTED.—Deputies to secure members for the Defenders, Madison's home order. Experience unnecessary. Either men or women for particulars address The Defenders, 17-19 Marston Block.

FUEL.

Buy your coal and coke at Dreves and Struck, 409 South Blount. Phones S. 999— B 1046.

FOR RENT
MASQUERADE COSTUMES
Large supply of suits and masks for all occasions, varied styles for rent 50c up. Make reservations early to insure good choice, out of town orders solicited.
Hess Employment Agency
638 Williamson, Madison, Wis.
Phones, S. 1240; B 970.

25% Off on Furs
neckwear and muffs, sheepskin gloves and mitts 25c to $1.00 All other fur goods at low prices. Buffalo robes also for sale at the fur store.
FRANK TROEMEL.
121 S. Webster St.

A Proposition For Men
Sharp reductions being made from my regular prices for a few weeks during the dull season.
Take advantage of the bargains being offered in high grade tailoring.
Early choosers get the best.
C. G. Swanson
B. 954 12 N. Carroll street

GRIMM'S BOOK BINDERY
Library and Magazine Binding a Specialty.
STATE JOURNAL BLOCK

Electrical Construction Work
Wiring and all kinds of repairing. Motors bought and sold.
Economy Electrical Co.
023 Williamson St. Phones B. 2845, S. 8723

THE Schoelkopf MFG. CO. High Duty Oil Pumps
We have added a department for fine Tool and Die making, Marine and Gasoline Engine work and repairing.
Phone, Bell 879 1516 Williamson.

University of Wisconsin School of Music
Second Semester Begins on Feb. 15
Registration days are Wed. and Thurs., Feb. 10 and 11 from 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m. and Saturday, Feb. 13 from 9 to 12 a. m.
Offices at Assembly Hall and Kroneke Bldg.

Guthrie, Okla.—State Senator O. O. Johnson of Fort Cobb is dead and Senator P. J. Yeager of Tulsa dying here as a result of inhaling natural gas from a jet believed to have been accidentally left open.

After a man has known a woman about so long he begins to tell her the story of his life—with the accent on the story.

Leila A. Dow
Water Colors China Painting
Studio 407 Wis. Ave.
S. Phone 2876

Ferd L. Kronenberg
ARCHITECT.
Rooms 20 to 24 Carroll Block.
Standard Phone 1000 Bell 702

ALVAN E. SMALL
Architect
Ellsworth Block, Stand. phones
Office 129 Res. 2815

HARRY RACCOLI
VOCAL INSTRUCTOR,
of Wisconsin College of Music of Milwaukee in Madison, all day Wed and Thursday forenoon. Room 13. Over Fair store.

JOS. FASS & CO.
CARPENTER CONTRACTORS
Work of all kinds
Jobbing a Specialty.
Phone 2611 211 State St.

RUDOLPH ROSNER.
Mechanician.
Solicits orders for special tools instruments and models.
Experimental work a specialty, 816 University Ave., Phone 3177.

P. Peterson, 742 E. Johnson St.
CARPENTER REPAIRING and Stair Builder
Wood turning and carving. All kinds of furniture repaired and made to order.

Ask Your Feet
If they could talk they would beg for a pair of Davidson's custom made shoes. They are made to fit, always feel comfortable, look good and wear longer than "ready mades"
Come in and talk it over and see the electric machine repair shoes while you wait.
D. L. DAVIDSON
opp. Fire Sta. 7. S. Webster

Robert L. Wright
ARCHITECT.
First National Bank Bldg.
Bell 1642.

C. J. KRUSE
SIGNS
neat and artistic work
Office 231 State St. S. 2965

O. A. SCHROEDER
Embalmer and Funeral Director
Corner King and Wilson Streets
Standard 7034 Bell 1473

Madelia, Falcon and Gold Medal Flour
ROYAL GARDEN TEAS
BISMARK OLIVES & PICKLES
MONARCH BRAND CANNED GOODS
BOUR'S CELEBRATED COFFEES
and a complete line of staple and fancy groceries.
GEORGE'S GROCERY
448 W. Main.
Bell 709 Stand. 1298

FREE
Leather Suit Case Worth $6.50
for the best advertisement furnished me of not more than 40 words and containing my name and address as below, to advertise the only store in Madison selling travelers' supplies exclusively. Experienced advertising men will choose the winner Monday, Feb. 15th. The best advertisements secured will be used in my new elephant ad appearing today on another page.
If you can write poetry or catchy publicity this is a grand opportunity to demonstrate your ability in an effort to win one of the best suit cases in my stock delivered to you free.
BROWN, The Trunk Man
118 E. Main Street

"I have been in every civilized country on earth," said the globe trotter, "and would you believe it, I have met only two really intelligent women."

"Two!" echoed the beautiful widow in surprise. "Why, who was the other?"

MADISON GETS LINCOLN STATUE

(Continued from first page.)

Decoration day of this year. This statue is by Mr. Adolph A. Weinman, a pupil of St. Gaudens. Photographs of the statue show that this sculptor is a man of the first rank; that he has truly caught the spirit of his great master. Requests for replicas have come to the commission that has the Lincoln statue in charge from Providence, Rhode Island; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Champaign, Illinois; St. Louis, Missouri; Lincoln, Neb.; Seattle, Wash.; and from Mr. Hicks, United States minister to Chile, who desired to present this replica to the city of Oshkosh.

"After much discussion, the commissioners voted to permit one full-sized replica of the statue to be cast, provided it was placed at the University of Wisconsin. This decision came in consequence of the great interest in the university of Richard Lloyd-Jones, one of the commissioners, associate editor of Colliers' Weekly, an alumnus of the university, and a son of the speaker of today, the Rev. Jenkin Lloyd-Jones. When the chance came to secure the Lincoln replica for the university, the question at once arose as to the necessary funds. The situation was placed before Mr. Thomas E. Brittingham of this city. With largeness of view he at once appreciated the fortunate opportunity which had come to him to serve the university and the state, and gladly agreed to furnish the required funds.

"The statue of Lincoln will be placed in the center of the future court of honor of the university, a short distance in front of the University hall, facing the east.

INSPIRATION FOR YOUTH.

"It will be remembered that a lad, Ernest, created by Hawthorne's imagination, growing up in a village set in a broad and deep valley, had his attention called by his mother to the noble lineaments of a Great Stone Face on a mighty buttress of one of the surrounding mountains. Among the people there was a tradition that some time a native of the valley would appear with a face like the gigantic one in the stone. The growing boy continued his life among the villagers, and each day he looked out upon the Great Stone Face and hoped that he might some time see the man who was its image. The boy reached manhood and middle age, doing the work of a villager, and lending a hand to his neighbors. Gradually he became a source of strength to the people with whom he was in contact, and very slowly as age grew upon him, his fame extended far beyond his native valley. Several times a celebrated man born in the valley came from the outer world to visit the village. Each time Ernest looked eagerly forward to his coming, hoping that he would resemble the Great Stone Face. Each time when the noted man appeared, Ernest was profoundly disappointed, but still hoped that before he died he would see in a man the likeness of the stone face. One evening, while addressing the villagers, as had become his habit, a poet visitor had the vision to see the truth, and cried: 'Behold, behold, Ernest is himself the likeness of the Great Stone Face.' During his many years of deep reflection upon the inner meaning of things and of faithful service to his fellows, his features had become the counterpart of his ideal.

A VISION FOR THE FUTURE.

"It can not be doubted that the bronze face of Lincoln will modify the spiritual faces of the students of the university who are to view daily the calm, sagacious, determined, and rugged face of our great president of the civil war. What this Lincoln statue will do in the way of developing nobility of character and sustained courage to carry forward the fight for the advancement of the people of this country, no one may foretell; but that it will be perpetually one of the great and high educational forces of the university no man may doubt. From it, during the centuries to come, many hundreds of thousands of students will gain at least a reflection of the spirit of service to their country that animated Abraham Lincoln. They will persist to the end in the great fight for right and equal justice to all, even as did this man of sorrow. This spirit will pass in some measure to the millions with whom they come in contact, and gradually the widening influence for good of the Lincoln statue will extend throughout the world."

WOMEN'S PROGRAM SATURDAY.

Practical Talks and Demonstrations Are Offered.

Program for woman's course in homemaking at the university for Saturday is as follows:

9-10 a. m.—"Communicable Diseases," Prof. W. D. Frost, room 45.

10-11 a. m.—"Canned Foods," Prof. W. D. Frost and Miss Elizabeth C. Lange, room 45.

11-12 a. m.—"Home and School Training," Miss Abby L. Marlatt, Providence, R. I., room 45.

2.30-4 p. m.—Cooking demonstration: "Breads and Puddings," Miss Edith L. Clift, room 60.

7:30 p m.—Recognition exercises—Recognition of persons who have rendered eminent services in the development of the best agricultural throught and practice will be made at this session.

The Head Picklers.

"Them South American Indians," said the sailor, "has the secret of picklin' heads. They'll kill you, then they'll pickle your head. It'll come out perfect, only small—about as big as a boy's fist.

"Up the old Amazon there's queer tribes and queer secrets. Some of them tribes is said to know the Aztec secret of softenin' building stone; you pour a liquid on a granite block, and it gets as soft as clay; then you pour another liquid which hardens it up.

"Speakin' of them head picklers, I knowed a lad that went among 'em to learn stone softenin.' A big feller he was, and the next year his head, reduced to the size of a baseball, was on sale in a curio shop down Para way.

"I had a fine pickled head of an Irishman in '98. It set off the old foc's'le fine. The boys liked it at first, but before the voyage ended it got, by gee, too strong for 'em, and they made me heave it overboard.

People who never change their minds have no minds worth mentioning.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE

$2000
for a good 3 room house new and in good order.

$2200
a good 6 room house new and in good condition.

$1,850
good cottage, 5 rooms full lot
All above on easy payment plan.

F. E. Legler
Young Blk. - 27 W. Main

LEGAL NOTICES

(First pub. Feb. 5; last Feb. 19.)

STATE OF WISCONSIN, COUNTY Court for Dane County—In Probate.

Notice is hereby given, that at the Regular Term of the County Court, to be held in and for said County, at the Court House in the City of Madison, in said County, on the first Tuesday of March, A. D., 1909, the following matter will be heard considered, examined and adjusted:

The application of William Allenburg, the administrator of the estate of Louisa Leonard, late of the town of Windsor in said county, deceased, for the settlement of his final account as such administrator which account is now on file in said court, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to those entitled thereto.

Dated the first day of February, A. D., 1909.

Wrabetz & Kelsey, Attorneys.
By the Court:
A. G. ZIMMERMAN, Judge.
Feb5doarw3w—fri

(First pub Feb. 5; last Feb. 19.)

STATE OF WISCONSIN CIRCUIT Court for Dane County.

In the matter of the rattlesnake drainage district.

Notice of Proposal for Drainage Work.

Notice is hereby given that the Rattlesnake Drainage District of Dane County, Wisconsin, will receive proposals for doing the work for said district in accordance with the plans and specifications thereof on file with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Dane County, Wisconsin, upon the ninth day of March, 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. Proposals will be received for doing the whole of said work, or for doing any separate part or portion thereof, the commissioners reserving the right to reject any and all proposals. The plans and specifications are on file at the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Dane County.

Application for copy of the specifications may be made to J. H. Auby, secretary of said district, at Deerfield, Wisconsin, or to Tenneys, Hall & Sanderson, at Madison, Wisconsin.

Dated this 3rd day of February, 1909.

MATHIAS LINDAS.
J. H. AUBY,
H. G. CLARK.
Commissioners.
Feb5doaw3w—Fri.

(First pub. Feb 12; last March 19)

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT Court, Dane County.

Charles A. Brendler, plaintiff, vs. Barbara Guess, her heirs and representatives, all unknown, defendants. The state of Wisconsin to said defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

Ollis & Nelson, plaintiff's attorneys.
P. O. address: Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin.
feb12doaw6w—fri

REAL ESTATE SALE.

State of Wisconsin, County Court for Dane County—In probate.

In the matter of the estate of Harvey N. Antisdel.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of an order of license made in said matter by said court on the 18th day of January, 1909, the undersigned, J. A. Logan and W. W. Ellsworth will, on the 18th day of Feb., 1909, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m., at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin, fronting on Main Street, in said city, offer for sale, and sell at public vendue, the following described lands situate in the city of Madison, in said county, viz.:

The Northeast half of Lot Two (2) Block One Hundred Seventy-nine (179) City of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin, according to the original plat thereof.

The Northeast half of Lot Seventeen (17) Block One Hundred and seventy-nine (179) of the original plat of the city of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin.

Terms and conditions made known at time and place of sale.

Dated January 27, 1909.

RICHMOND, JACKMAN & SWANSEN,
Attorneys for Executors.

ANNABEL:
Use Gold Medal Flour for your pastry.
GERALDINE.

Incorporations.

Enterprise Butter company, Cashton; capital, $4,000; incorporators, Winand Mullenberg, George Bates, William Heiser, Joseph Seitz, B. Herricks and Peter Klinker.

Ideal Fruit Display company, Platteville, capital, $6,000; incorporators, O. A. Eastman, F. E. Cabanis and H. E. Eastman.

Orton Haley company, Lancaster; capital, $15,000; incorporators, H. C. Orton, T. J. Haley and William Katz.

Amendments to articles were filed as follows:

Wabers Manufacturing company, Racine, increasing its capital stock from $10,000 to $25,000.

Park Falls Water & Light company, Park Falls, increasing its capital stock from $1,000 to $10,000.

Catarrhal Deafness Can Be Prevented and Cured

Prove it to yourself by sending for a free sample of a permanent, safe and speedy cure — Aromatic, soothing, healing.

KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY

Especially valuable in sural affections of children; mild, pure, and sanitary. Specially recommended by physicians for children with cold in the head, which so often brings on chronic nasal catarrh. Contains no harmful drugs. Sold and recommended by 30,000 druggists in 25c and 50c tubes. If yours hasn't it, a 25c tube will be sent you postpaid on receipt of price by

Kondon Mfg. Company
Minneapolis, Minn.

CREME ELCAYA

A FRAGRANT NON-GREASY TOILET CREAM FOR THE COMPLEXION

An unequalled toilet requisite appreciated by women of refinement for its purity, exquisite fragrance and beautifying qualities.

Protecting the skin from the harsh effect of winds and dust in automobiling, golfing and out-door sports.

Avoid Substitutes. Price 50 Cents

F. A. DETTLOFF
Successor to
Weaver & Dettloff, Madison, Wis.

On Valentine's Day—or Any Other.

Underneath the window of the melancholy Dane
Ophelia sung a love song and this was its refrain
(I'd like some maid to sing it just outside of window mine!)
"And I a maid at your window, to be your Valentine!"
Now wouldn't you listen and so sweet song incline?
There are some who'd that, Ophy fair was really very bold,
But her love was burning in her, and it just had to be told!
Now, if some maiden pretty should to my window come,
And speak or sing those gladsome words, or e'en just lowly hum,
You can wager your last dollar that I'd catch on to the song,
And the maiden wouldnt wait outside my window very long.

—Clubfellow.

Sports

BASEBALL SURE GO!

President John Moran Announces There Will Be Enough Money to Launch Game

TO ELECT MANAGER SOON

Baseball is a sure go!

President John Moran today said that by tonight the twenty men needed to finance the game here this season will have been secured. This means that a meeting to reorganize will be held this week. When the meeting is held officers will be chosen, five directors will be appointed and a manager will be elected.

As quickly as a manager is selected the work of signing players will begin. The impression prevails that Manager Howard Cossiboine will be re-elected, although there may be a contest. Appreciating the necessity of having a winning club, the new directors will be slow to desert one who has demonstrated that he knows how to win.

Madison One Point Short.

Madison and Evansville played nip and tuck at the high school gymnasium last night, the visitors winning the basketball contest by a score of 28 to 27.

In view of the fact that it was Madison's first game the local boys made an excellent showing. Those who played on the Madison team were Curtin and Twitchell, guards; Herper and Deedie, forwards; Lester, center.

Won't Draw Color Line.

London, Feb. 11.—An attempt to draw the color line met with signal failure today at Birmingham where an effort was made to exclude a negro student of the university from the skating rink. Students took up the negro's cause and hired a lawyer to oppose a renewal of the rink's license. The management of the rink apologized in court this morning and promised not to make any race distinction in the future.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Topeka, Kas.—For levying tribute on "joints" or illicit saloons and other resorts, J. T. Harsha, mayor of Hutchinson and W. H. Dixon, chief of police will be ousted from office and the city of Hutchinson has been enjoined from exercising the rights of a corporation. The special master filed his report to this effect in the supreme court today.

A Mother's Gratitude

Many a Mother in Madison Will Appreciate the Following.

Many a strong man and many a healthy woman has much for which to thank mother. The care taken during their childhood brought them past the danger point and made them healthy men and women. Children are generally bothered at some period with incontinence of urine, and inability to retain it is oft times called a habit. It is not the children's fault—the difficulty lies with the kidneys, and can be readily righted if taken in the proper way. A Madison mother shows you how.

Mrs. C. Dow, living at 17 North Blair St., Madison Wis., says: "My son was troubled for some time with weak kidneys, and although we gave him many remedies nothing seemed to help him. Finally it was my good fortune to hear of Doan's Kidney Pills, and I procured them at Edwin Sumner & Son's Drug Store. I gave them to the boy according to directions and he was soon feeling a great deal better. He continued to take them and I am sure he will be cured in a short time. I know of several others who have found the best of results from the use of Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Adv.

EXPECT GOOD TEAM

Baseball Prospects at the University of Wisconsin are Considered Bright

PAULUS HITS 'BALL HARD

Interests in athletics at the university now centers in the outlook on the diamond. With several of last years players back and a number of new men to pick from, the prospects are considered bright. Wisconsin has a heavy schedule, but the students are confident that the Badgers will give a good account of themselves.

Barlow will have to go some to hang onto his job back of the bat. Paulus, a Milwaukee boy, is out for the job and he looks good. Perhaps he is no better than Barlow as a receiver, but he certainly has it on him in hitting. This advantage may prove great enough to draw him a steady place on the 'varsity.

Whittier, who played third base two years ago, will join the spring squad. Culver, who plays third and short stop, will also be on the job. Culver has never been considered a "find" but "Kid" Taylor, a professional ballplayer, said he could be developed into a good man. Taylor's judgment has always been considered far above the average and the fact that he showed interest in Culver is a boost for the latter. Baltile is another candidate for an infield position.

Muckleston, an outfielder, says he will not get out for the team owing to a heavy school schedule. "Muck" plays a steady game and his services will be missed.

Timber is a candidate for first base. He played on the commercial team last year. Timber looks like a comer, and can hit. In the past few years Wisconsin has been weak in hitting, and Coach Tom Barry will try to strengthen the cardinal team in this partment of the game.

Work in the gymnasium cage has not drawn out many battery candidates. This being the examination period not much interest is shown in any branch of athletics.

BRYCE CEMENTS TIES THAT BIND

BRITISH AMBASSADOR BRINGS A MESSAGE OF PEACE AT MILWUKEE BANQUET.

PRAISE WISCONSIN UNIVERSITY

President Van Hise Responds With Appeal for Extension Work.—Nearly 400 Attend.

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 12.—James Bryce, British ambassador, diplomat, scholar, and American-Englishman, brought a message of peace to commercial and professional Milwaukee in an address at the banquet in his honor given by the Merchants and Manufacturers' association at the Hotel Pfister Wednesday night.

Nearly 400 representatives of the citizenship of the Cream city greeted him and heard him tell of "Diplomacy as an Aid to Progress."

NATIONS IN FRIENDSHIP.

That future vexatious controversies between the United States and the land he represents are remote, if not impossible, because of the cordial relations existing between the two countries, and of treaties concluded by Secretary of State Elihu Root and himself, he declared most emphatically.

After lauding the German-American citizenship of the city which entertained him yesterday, and speaking feelingly of the bonds of sympathy between the two nations, the distinguished guest dwelt in detail upon the reasons why the future should further cement the ties which bind the two world powers.

"You may be quite sure that when you celebrate the centenary of your great president on Friday next that you will have the deep sympathy and cordial assent of the people of England," Mr Bryce said, while his hearers burst into applause, and martial strains of both nations from an orchestra concealed at the end of the banquet hall.

PRAISE FOR UNIVERSITY.

Another feature of the altogether modest but meaty words of the man who analyzed a nation in "The American Commonwealth" was the tribute he paid to the extension work of the University of Wisconsin.

He said he had been struck with the statewide interest in education and science as emanating from the university. He spoke of the interest of farmers in the agricultural school. The value of land even, he said, had been increased by the scientific research of the men in the laboratories of the institution. Science had revolutionized industry and was now turning its attention to agriculture.

"So, gentelmen of Wisconsin," he said, "do not begrudge any money you can spend for abstract science in the University of Wisconsin."

VAN HISE IN RESPONSE.

"The Relation of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association to Education," as discussed by President Charles R. Van Hise, University of Wisconsin, was shown to be great, inasmuch as it had stood sponsor for the Milwaukee school of trades, a modern institution, he said, destined to work out grevious problems of the future and possessed by few cities in the present day.

President Van Hise, while not taking direct issue with Toastmaster Moss, who replied to statements of Prof. E. A. Ross, apparently made a veiled reference to the incident when he said members of the faculty and scientists in Madison who have been laboring for the education and progress of those unable to seek knowledge at its fountain, had a right to expect "freedom from criticism and judgment." He turned to Mr Moss as he said this.

The great problem for the educators at Madison, Dr. Van Hise averred, was to diffuse the knowledge gained there among the present elder generation who did not learn it in school. Much contagious disease, he said, could be wiped out if what is known by men at the university could be brought to all the people in the state. University extension work, he said, was calculated to accomplish this, and he had little need to exhort the Merchants and Manufacturers' association to support it.

"When the people of the state understand," he said, "as do the merchants and manufacturers the gain along all lines to the state through research work, the relations of the graduate school to undergraduate instruction, there can be no doubt that the state as a whole will support research and graduate work even as the merchants and manufacturers of Milwaukee have done from the outset.

"The merchants and manufacturers have seen that research and the advancement of knowledge constitute one of the fundamental duties of the university. Instructional work at Madison is for some thousands of students who chance to go there. The research work of the university is for the two and a half million people of the state. It would be easy to show that in consequence of research work done at the university, the wealth of the state is annually increased by many millions of dollars. No man may estimate the advantages to the state of the research work and advanced instruction of the university along other than material lines."

Hay's Hair Health

Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Color and Beauty.

No matter how long it has been gray or faded. Promotes a luxuriant growth of healthy hair. Stops its falling out, **and positively removes Dandruff.** Keeps hair soft and glossy. Refuse all substitutes. 2½ times as much in $1.00 as 50c. size. **Is Not a Dye.**

$1 and 50c. bottles, at druggists
Send 2c for free book "The Care of the Hair."
Philo Hay Spec. Co., Newark, N. J.

Hay's Harfina Soap cures Pimples, red, rough and chapped hands, and all skin diseases. Keeps skin fine and soft. 25c druggists. Send 2c for free book "The Care of the Skin."

WEAVER & DETTLOFF;
COLLYER'S PHAR.

Mr. G. M. Reynolds President of the Continental National Bank of Chicago, Whose Friends Are Urging his Appointment as Secretary of the Treasury.

Washington, D. C.—George M. Reynolds, president of the Continental bank of Chicago, is being discussed in political-financial circles as being under consideration by President-elect Taft for secretary of the treasury.

In view of Mr. Taft's emphatic announcement that no further announcements on the cabinet would be made public until March 4, and his added statement that he would deny any reports of selections cropping up before that date, the friends of Mr. Reynolds are making no claims. They advance the argument, however, that Mr. Reynolds is eminently fitted for the place by training and because of his wide grasp of affairs.

Mr Reynolds is president of the Aerican Bankers' association.

Mr. Reynolds was born on a farm near Panora, Iowa, in 1865, and when 14 years old became a clerk in the Guthrie County bank at Panora. It was incorporated later as the Guthrie County National bank and Mr. Reynolds was elected assistant cashier. He moved to Nebraska in 1886 where he helped to organize a loan and investment company.

Two years later he returned to Panora, and, with his father and brothers, bought a controlling interest in the Guthrie National bank, of which he was made cashier and manager. His success with that institution attracted attention from other banks and in 1893 he was invited to become cashier of the Des Moines National bank of Des Moines. He accepted and conducted the bank in so careful a manner through the panic of 1893, and the subsequent hard times, that in 1895 he was elected president. By that time the institution had become the largest National bank in the state.

Mr. Reynolds was made cashier of the Continental National in December, 1897, and was promoted to the presidency. He was made a member of the executive committee of the American Bankers' association in 1896 and served for three years. He was made treasurer of the association in 1896, and later was made president.

FOR ST. VALENTINE'S.

With St. Valentine's day only two days hence, the housewife who loves to entertain is casting about for suitable dishes to adorn her dinner, supper or luncheon table. The preferred color for the good old saint's day is a rosy pink, and this can be introduced into many dishes.

For cutting cakes and sandwiches, you can secure tin hearts in many sizes, also heart-shaped jelly molds, and paper cases in heart shape, for serving creamed fish or meat.

Mock-bisque soup—A delicious first course for a valentine lunch or dinner. Simmer a can of tomatoes, with half a small onion sliced fine, for half an hour. Have ready one-fourth of a teacup of pearl tapioca which has been soaked over night and then cooked until clear, but not mushy in a double boiler; also one teacup of clear beef or veal stock. Rub the tomatoes through a sieve, add a tablespoon of butter, the stock and salt and pepper to taste, and turn into an agate or porcelain stew pan. In another pan bring one quart of fresh, sweet milk to a boil. Add this slowly to the boiling tomatoes and stock, allow it to come to a second boil, and serve at once with croutons.

Shrimp salad—If you cannot secure fresh shrimps, canned ones will serve the purpose. If you use the canned fish, remove from the can to a colander and rinse several times with very cold water. Set away in a cold place for an hour. Dip each shrimp in a mixture of lemon juice, salt and pepper and set aside for another hour. In the meantime, soak a quarter of a box of gelatin in half a cup of water. When soft, add a large cupful of boiling water and stir over the fire until dissolved, then add the juice of half a large lemon. Strain through a jelly bag into a cup or small pitcher. Have ready some heart-shaped individual molds. Pour the unsweetened lemon gelatin into the bottom of each mold and stick into each a few shrimps. When this first layer of gelatin begins to set or form add a second layer and set the forms away to chill. When ready to serve they should turn out whole. Arrange on crisp, pale green lettuce leaves, pour meyonnaise dressing around each form in a small circle, and garnish with more whole shrimps and slices of lemon cut in quarters.

Frut jelly—The housewife who has on hand some of her own jelly made from raspberries and currants can make a most artistic dessert for a St Valentine's luncheon. If the dining room is not too warm it will also serve as a center piece. Melt a pint of the home-made jelly and set aside. Have ready half a box of gelatin dissolved in half a cup of cold water. Bring to a boil in an agate or porcelain saucepan one scant cup of sugar, one cup of tart orange juice and the juice of half a large lemon. Add the gelatin to this, the melted jelly last and simmer for a few minutes; then pour through a jelly bag into a pitcher. Dip a deep, heart-shaped mold into cold water, shake out the water, but do not wipe with a cloth. Settle this in a bed of chopped ice and pour in enough of the jelly to cover the bottom of the pan to the depth of half an inch. Have ready a cupful of nicely prepared fresh fruit, small sections of peeled oranges, seeded Malaga grapes, sliced bananas, bits of preserved or candied pineapple. When the jelly has formed a little, arranged a layer of the fruit, sticking it deeply enough in the halfformed jelly so it will not move; then pour another layer of the melted jelly over the fruit. Continue this process until the mold is full, set away on ice to chill, turn out on a cut-glass dish and surround with whipped cream.

Cupid cakes—Warm but do not melt half a cup of butter. Cream with this two cups of sifted sugar, pulverized or confectioners' sugar preferred. Add slowly half a cup of sweet milk and alternately the whites of four eggs and one-half cups of sifted flour. Finally add a teaspoonful of vanilla or half a teaspoon of almond flavoring and one heaping teaspoon of baking powder. Bake in square pans. It should be two inches or a trifle less in thickness when baked. Cut this, when cool, in heart-shaped cakes (the scraps can be used for queen pudding later) and ice with rose icing. To make the latter, drop into a cold bowl the white of one egg and a teaspoon of cold water. Stir into this gradually sifted confectioners' sugar, rose flavoring and cochineal coloring. When thick enough to spread, but not run, ice the tops and sides of the little cakes. It should be a delicate pink. In the center of each iced cake you can stick half a candied cherry with two leaf-shaped bits of angelica.

Piles

We are so certain that Itching, Bleeding and Protruding Piles can always be relieved and absolutely cured by this ointment that we positively guarantee satisfaction or money refunded.

50 cents a box at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

Hair on Face,
Neck and Arms
Removed by the New Principle
De Miracle

a revelation to modern science. It is the only scientific and practical way to destroy hair. Don't waste time experimenting with electrolysis, X-ray and depilatories. These are offered you on the BARE WORD of the operators and manufacturers. De Miracle is not. It is the only method which is indorsed by physicians, surgeons, dermatologists, medical journals and prominent magazines. De Miracle mailed, sealed in plain wrapper, for $1.00. Your money back without question (no red tape) if it fails to do all that is claimed for it. Booklet free in plain sealed envelope by the De Miracle Chemical Co., 1909 Park Ave., New York.

For sale at all good stores and

Menges Pharmacies.

Little Willie—"Say, pa, when is a man said to be civilized?"

Pa—"When he knows enough to conceal the fact that he is a savage, my son."

Chorus Girls of Yesterday and Today

So much has been written regarding the elevation of the stage that there is little left to be said upon this subject says Mort. H. Singer, the noted Chicago manager. But strangely enough, comparatively nothing has been said regarding one of its most interesting features—the chorus girl.

If the history of chorus girl is ever written it will doubtless be divided into two periods—before Edward E. Rice and after Edward E. Rice. The pre-Rice girl belongs to the dark ages of the chorus—a time when chorus girls, pirates and train robbers were all assigned to the same unhealthy district in the lower regions by well-meaning, notoriety-seeking reformers; a time when chorus girls were engaged for quantity rather than quality; when the producing manager engaged his corps de ballet much as contemporaneous sailing masters then engaged a crew—by the shanghai method. In those days the chorus girls came from dark and obscure places—from the poorer sections of the big cities, with an occasional ox-eyed innocent from the farm draughted for variety's sake. Little was expected of her and little was given. She stood around the stage in a costume which exposed the reason for her employment, carried a wooden spear which she broke only occasionally, and followed the leader. Every time the manager clapped his hands she realized it was up to her to do something and she looked at the girl ahead to see what it was to be done. It didn't require any superhuman mental effort to do this.

* * *

Edward E. Rice was the first man to seek intelligence in a chorus girl. He was not moved to do this by any moral or sociological impulse—it was a plain matter of business. In "Evangeline" Mr. Rice had some rather expensive costumes—some of the kind that wouldn't stand being thrown into a dirty corner of a dressing room floor. Mr. Rice had learned that the average chorus girl would do this, not through any desire to cause the management grief, but simply because she didn't know any better. For this reason he sought girls who knew enough to keep their costumes clean and according to all reports, is was a very difficult matter and undertaking. Indeed this one feeble effort to discover intelligent chorus girls met with such awful obstacles that Mr. Rice never dared go any further on the quest.

But from the trail he blazed great things were to come. Other managers noting that Mr. Rice had expensive costumes, went and did likewise, and they had to find girls with enough sense to keep their costumes clean.

* * *

Next came a manager who had been looking so long at amazon marches and the old jail-bird like swing step, which went under the name of dancing that he concluded every one would welcome an innovation. He went after girls who could really dance and his success was tremendous when the first eight dancing girls appeared.

From dancing to singing was the next step. The old-time chorus was usually vocally on a par with a three-note factory whistle. One day a manager awoke to the fact that there might be some money in presenting the public with a chorus that could sing. These girls came from better districts and better families, and the personnel of the chorus was decidedly improved, socially, mentally and morally. During the past few years the advance in the status of the chorus girl has been so rapid that today there is practically not one first class musical show in the country that has what might be called an old style chorus.

The girls must know how to wear clothes as though they belonged to them, for it is only the little girls nowadays who wear tights. Costumes the big girls wear cost a lot of money, and these girls must wear them as though they were to the manor born. The professional model must have nothing the best of her in bringing out the good qualities of each gown.

* * *

Now this is not all. The modern chorus girl must not only be intelligent but she must look intelligent. A dull, stupid or common face is no longer considered desirable, even though it be moderately pretty. The girls must have the "air distingue," they must look the part. A glance at the pictures printed above will convey the idea much more clearly than words could.

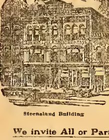
That the girls do not seek clandestine acquaintances with the young men who hang around stage doors is made apparent by the fact that whenever the young men grow too bold the girls invariably ask protection from the management. Of course there are exceptions to all rules, but there can be no doubt but what the chorus girl has arisen high in her profession. The quality of the chorus today is infinitely better than it ever was before, but as a field for future stars the chorus is no longer fertile. Nowadays it takes all the talent a girl can command to remain a feature of the chorus.

PRESENT-DAY TYPES OF CHORUS GIRLS.

Scene from "Under the Harvest Moon," at the Fuller Opera house, twice next Sunday.

Established 1890

THE SAVINGS LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY



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Will act as treasurer for corporations. Farm Mortgages for Sale. Debentures, Certificates, Savings, Trusts, Real Estate Loans. Safe Deposit Vaults. Estates Managed.

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Capital Surplus and Undivided Profits $200,000.
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Highest interest consistent with legitimate banking.
Accounts of individuals, firms and corporations solicited.
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THE WISCONSIN STATE JOURNAL

A factor for pure food ante-dating all state and national food laws

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

No Alum—No Phosphates

Be on your guard. Alum Powders may be known by their price—10 or 25c. a lb., or one cent an ounce.

OLDEST RAILWAY STATION AGENT IN AMERICA, IF NOT IN THE WORLD, IS STILL SERVING AT MAZOMANIE

JOHN B. STICKNEY.

A man whose proud privilege it is to claim the undisputed title of being the oldest railroad station agent in America, if not in the world, is John B. Stickney, freight and passenger agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St Paul Railroad at Mazomanie, about twenty miles west of Madison He has been in the continuous employ of that corporation for fifty-eight years, or since 1851. He is 81 years old.

Mr. Stickney is the descendant of and old English family which founded the town of Stickney in England at the time of the Norman conquest, and his immediate forefathers were among the early emigrants to America and conspicuous in the colonial wars which preceded the Revolution. In the struggle for independence, Captain John B. Stickney, his grandfather, fought under Colonel Warren at the battle of Bunker Hill and served throughout the war with honor and distinction. Capt. Stickney's son, and the father of the nestor of station agents, was educated at Bowdoin college and subsequently became an eminent physician in Lancaster, N. H., where John B. Stickney was born in August, 1828.

John B. Stickney received his early education in the Lancaster academy and worked as a clerk in a store in Wells River, Vt., for a short period. He was married to Miss Charlotte Moore of Lancaster and prarie-schoonered west, landing in Milwaukee in 1851. He was in immediately employed by the "St. Paul," which then had but twenty miles of track in operation. He became station agent at Mazomanie in 1856 and is still in active charge of that station, which is an important one in that section of the state, being also a junction point.

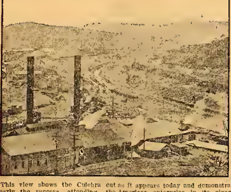
An ardent lover of horses, Mr. Stickney raised some of the finest horses ever bred in the Northwest. He has won fame as the oldest "jockey" in Wisconsin, having driven his "Prince" in many successful races.

Mr. Stickney is the oldest living member of Crescent lodge, F. and A. M., is one of the original members of the republican party and has many friends among the political leaders of the nation. He accompanied President Roosevelt on his first campaign trip through the northwest.

Defendant With Coopers

Ex-Sheriff John O. Sharp on Trial Charged with Aiding in the Murder of Ex-Senator E. W. Carmack at Nashville, Tenn.

With Taft at Panama



This view shows the Culebra cut as it appears today and demonstrates clearly the success attending the American enterprise in its gigantic excavation.

CONGRESSMEN TALK FOR POSTAL BANKS

MEMBERS OF BOTH BRANCHES KEEN INTEREST IN THE SAVINGS IDEA.

MANY ARE WORKING HARD ON IT

La Follette and Piles Like General Idea of Bill and Will Use Efforts in Its Behalf.

The poll of congress which is being made by the Postal Savings Bank league, with headquarters in Chicago, shows that the postal savings depository measure, as now amended would have a majority in the senate of four to one and in the house of two to one if it could be brought to a vote notwithstanding the obstructive tactics of the opposition.

The replies show a disposition among the members of congress to put the system into operation and correct minor defects later as experience dictates. The measure has been a subject of consideration for over fourteen years, several presidents and investigating commissions having approved the general principles involved.

REPRESENTATIVES FAVOR IT.

I favor carrying out the pledge of the republican party to establish postal savman of Wisconsin. Representative Kuesterman of Wisconsin. Representative Everts A. Hayes of California advises: "I shall certainly give the measure my support." Representative Frank M. Nye of Minnesota writes: "I shall work to secure enactment of a proper bill at this session and every session while I am in congress for postal saving depositories." Representative E. A. Moore of Wisconsin wrote: "I was elected on a platform which declared for postal savings banks, and, of course, I shall try to carry out the party pledge. In addition to that, I believe in the principle of postal savings banks."

SENATORS ALSO LIKE THE IDEA

"I will aid in the passage of a bill at this session," writes Senator William E. Borah of Idaho "I should dislike very much to delay the passage of a measure of this kind, and my opinion is that it will be amended and passed," he concludes. Senator H. C. Lodge of Massachusetts communicates: "I am and always have been in favor of the general proposition of postal savings banks."

Other representatives who declare in favor of postal savings banks and who promise to vote and work accordingly include Esch of Wisconsin, Ellis of Oregon, Sterling of Illinois, Pray of Montana, Needham of California, Cary of Wisconsin, Burton of Delaware, Cooke of New York, Taylor of Alabama, Fuller of Illinois, Madison of Kansas, Steenerson of Minnesota, Davidson of Wisconsin and Wilson of Pennsylvania.

Senators Frye of Maine, Long of Kansas, Perkins of California, Curtis of Kansas and Burkett of Nebraska are other open champions of the measure.

Congressman Darragh of Michigan Barchfield of Pennsylvania, Fordney of Michigan and Boober of Missouri are frank in declaring against the measure.

BOUTELL WILL WORK FOR IT.

Congressman Henry Sherman Boutell of Chicago wrote. "I can assure you that I shall be glad to do anything in my power to secure the passage of a postal savings bank bill at the earliest possible date Since Nov. 2 the ways and means committee has been in continuous daily session working on revision of the tariff, so that I have little opportunity to be on the floor of the house and no time for outside work The consideration of and vote on a postal savings bank bill would always command my presence in the house and I trust that the measure will receive attention and become a law at this session of congress."

LA FOLLETTE & OTHERS LIKE IT

Senator La Follette of Wisconsin wrote: "I am in favor of legislation establishing postal savings banks, and will do what I can to secure the early enactment of such a law. However, I have no idea that the matter will be permitted to reach the senate for action during the present congress."

Senator Piles of Washington wrote: "I approve of the general principal involved in the postal savings bank bill and I intend to do everything I can do to aid in securing the adoption of the principle at the present session of congress."

Congressman Richmond Pearson Hobson wrote: "I am in favor of the general principles involved in the postal savings bank, and will be glad to support a proper measure of this kind, should it come up at the present session."

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Wm. A. Grove has purchased the delicatessen handlung 218 State St. and will continue the business in first class manner. He will open up with a full line of delicatessen Saturday, Feb. 13. The store is being enlarged and remodeled. The public, and former patrons especially, are cordially invited.

—Wm. A. Grove, Prop.

DOHERTY COMBATS WEALTH.

Riches Come His Way But He Will Try to Head Them Off.

Through a big and sudden rise in the value of stock of the Denver Gas and Electric company, H. L. Doherty, president of that company, is reported to be $100,000 richer on his Denver holdings than a few days ago. It is said the Morgan interests are seeking to gobble up the Denver property because of the hold it has in adjacent water powers and that this is the cause of the rise. It is understood Doherty will fight the Morgan encroachments.

NEW COURSE AT U.

Lectures on General Hygiene to be Given at South Hall.

A new course known as general hygiene will be given every Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the south hall at the university the next semester. The course will consist of lectures to be given by various professors, especially interested in different subjects. Among the lecturers will be Prof. W. F. Sedgwick, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in Boston, Professors M. P. Ravenel, J. Erlinger and Richard F. Fischer.

There's hardly anything more useless than a matchless matchbox.

SPRING

1909

THE HOME OF FIRST CLASS CLOTHES

Announcement

The selection of Woolens for Spring and Summer is now on display.

It is unnecessary for us to tell you that they are correct in style, that they new, or that they are attractive. This goes without saying. We simply wish to make the announcement that we are ready to show the line and to give you the benefit of our best advice to assist you in selecting what is best suited to your needs.

Take the hint and see the line before the pick of the patterns are gone.

We thank you for many favors extended and solicit the favor of an early call.

Danielson, Mueller & Simpson

23 South Pinckney St., Madison, Wis.

1909

SUMMER

PRESIDENT SPEAKER AT MEMORIAL

(Continued from first page.)

measure fortunate in the characters of the two greatest of our public men, Washington and Lincoln. Widely though they differed in externals, the Virginia landed gentleman and the Kentucky backwoodsman, they were alike in essentials, they were alike in the great qualities which rendered each able to render service to his nation and to all mankind such as no other man of his generation could or did render Each had lofty ideals, but each in striving to attain these lofty ideals was guided by the soundest common sense. Each possessed inflexible courage in adversity, and a soul wholly unspoiled by prosperity Each possessed all the gentler virtues commonly exhibited by good men who lack rugged strength of character. Each possessed also all the strong qualities commonly exhibited by those towering masters of mankind who have too often shown themselves devoid of so much as the understanding of the words by which we signify the qualities of duty, of mercy, of devotion to the right of lofty disinterestedness in battling for the good of others. There have been other men as great and other men as good; but in all the history of mankind there are no other two great men as good as these, no other two good men as great Widely though the problems of today differ from the problems set for solution to Washington when he founded this nation, to Lincoln when he saved it and freed the slave, yet the qualities they showed in meeting these problems are exactly the same as those we should show in doing our work today.

* * *

Lincoln saw into the future with the prophetic imagination usually vouchsafed only to the poet and the seer. He had in him all the lift toward greatness of the visionary, without any of the visionary's fanaticism or egotism, without any of the visionary's narrow jealousy of the practical man and inability to strive in practical fashion for the realization of an ideal. He had the practical man's hard common sense and willingness to adapt means to ends; but there was in him none of that morbid growth of mind and soul which blinds so many practical men to the higher things of life. No more practical man ever lived than this homely backwoods idealist, but he had nothing in common with those practical men whose consciences are warped until they fail to distinguish between good and evil, fail to understand that strength, ability, shrewdness, whether in the world of business or of politics, only serve to make their possessor a more noxious, a more evil member of the community, if they are not guided and controlled by a fine and high moral sense.

* * *

We of this day must try to solve many social and industrial problems, requiring to an especial degree the combination of indomitable resolution with cool-headed sanity. We can profit by the way in which Lincoln used both these traits as he strove for reform We can learn much of value from the very attacks which following that course brought upon his head, attacks alike by the extremists of revolution and by the extremists of reaction. He never wavered in devotion to his principles in his love for the union, and in his abhorrence of slavery. Timid and lukewarm people were always denouncing him because he was too extreme, but as a matter of fact he never went to extremes, he worked step by step, and because of this the extremists hated and denounced him with a fervor which now seems to us fantastic in its deification of the unreal and the impossible. At the very time when one side was holding him up as the apostle of social revolution because he was against slavery, the leading abolitionist denounced him as the "slave hound of Illinois." When he was the second time candidate for president, the majority of his opponents attacked him because of what they termed his extreme radicalism, while a minority threatened to bolt his nomination because he was not radical enough He had continually to check those who wished to go forward too fast, at the very time that he overrode the opposition of those who wished not to go forward at all The goal was never dim before his vision, but he picked his way cautiously, without either halt or hurry, as he strode toward it, through such a morass of difficulty that no man of less courage would have attempted it, while it would surely have overwhelmed any man of judgment less serene.

* * *

Yet perhaps the most wonderful thing of all, and, from the standpoint of the America of today and of the future, the most vitally important, was the extraordinary way in which Lincoln could fight valiantly against what he deemed wrong and yet preserve undiminished his love and respect for the brother from whom he differed In the hour of a triumph that would have turned any weaker man's head, in the heat of a struggle which spurred many a good man to dreadful vindictiveness he said truthfully that so long as he had been in his office he had never willingly planted a thorn in any man's bosom, and besought his supporters to study the incidents of the trial through which they were passing as philosophy from which to learn wisdom and not as wrongs to be avenged; ending with the solemn exhortation that, as the strife was over, all should reunite in a common effort to save their common country.

* * *

He lived in days that were great and terrible, when brother fought against brother for what each sincerely deemed to be the right. In a contest so grim the strong men who alone can carry it through are rarely able to do justice to the deep convictions of those with whom they grapple in mortal strife. At such times men see through a glass darkly, to only the rarest and loftiest spirits is vouchsafed that clear vision which gradually comes to all, even to the lesser, as the struggle fades into distance, and wounds are forgotten, and peace creeps back to the hearts that were hurt But to Lincoln was given this supreme vision. He did not hate the man from whom he differed. Weakness was as foreign as wickedness to his strong, gentle nature, but his courage was of a quality so high that it needed no bolstering of dark passion. He saw clearly that the same high qualities, the same courage, and willingness for self-sacrifice, and devotion to the right as it was given them to see the right, belonged both to the men of the north and to the men of the south As the years roll by, and as all of us, wherever we dwell, grow to feel an equal pride in the valor and self-devotion, alike of the men who wore the blue and the men who wore the gray, so this whole nation will grow to feel a peculiar sense of pride in the mightiest of the mighty men who mastered the mighty days, the lover of his country and of all mankind, the man whose blood was shed for the union of his people and for the freedom of a race, Abraham Lincoln.

Gov. Willson then spoke on behalf of Kentucky, for her greatest son. He was followed by Gen. Grant Wilson, who spoke for federal army, and by Gen. Luke E Wright for the confederate army.

The president and other dignataries left Hogdenville at 2:30.

PRESIDENT'S QUICK RUN.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 12.—After a run which consumed almost twenty-four hours of time and covered nearly 800 miles of distance, President Roosevelt and his party arrived here at 9.20 today, and fifteen minutes later left for Hodgenville and the Lincoln farm. The journey was without especial incident.

There were only three or four stops on the way, none of sufficient consequence before reaching Louisville to call the president out of his coach. At most of the towns crowds of people were congregated on the platforms and in all of them school children largely predominated. At the watering tank just out of Cincinnati there was a stop of five minutes, and the children clamored vainly for the appearance of the president.

"We got up early and we don't see why you can't," they complained in unison to the invisible chief executive. One of them added, as the train pulled out:

"Bryan would not treat us that way."

Blaze at Jackson Home.

The central fire department was called to the home of Dr. J. A. Jackson, 323 North Carroll street, this morning to put out a blaze caused by hot coals thrown into the ash pan. There was a small blaze and considerable smoke, but Chief Heyl reports that the damage was very small.

THE MAILING OF VALENTINES.

Notes Relative to the Sending of These Love Tokens.

Next Sunday, February 14, is St. Valentine's day.

Missives of love, messages of affection, will flood the mails, Saturday and Monday the clerks in the postoffices and the carriers who distribute the mail will be heavily burdened with the extra matter. In order that little confusion may result, the following notes will be of interest:

Paper valentines can be sent through the mail as printed matter, enclosed in an unsealed envelope at the rate of two ounces for one cent.

Cloth valentines when sent in an unsealed envelope require the merchandise rate, which is one cent an ounce. Valentines may be sent as first class matter, at the rate of two cents for every ounce or fraction thereof, and then the envelope should be sealed. If a message is written on the valentine, or sent with it, the rate is two cents an ounce, or first class postage.

Never try to send a card with tinsel or other sanded mixture on it, unless the card is entirely enclosed in a sealed envelope. One of these cards enclosed in an envelope which has a hole in the corner is unmailable. The envelope must be completely sealed and bear a two cent stamp on the outside. If it only has a one cent stamp the card will be held and will not be delivered until proper postage is sent. A post card with some article attached, such as a piece of cloth, an emblem, a piece of finery or a toy will go for one cent provided, no message is written on the card. But if a message is written upon it, a two cent stamp is required as it exceeds the post card regulations. There is only one safe way when in doubt and that is "ask the man." He is there for that purpose.

WOOLENS FOR SPRING AND SUMMER 1909

We wish to announce to the men of Madison that our line of woolens for spring and summer is now ready and selections can be made any time. If you do not want it made right away we will be glad to lay it away for you. The class of work we turn out in our shop is up to our usual standard, and that is the best that can be turned out anywhere. Our cutter has just returned from the Merchant Tailors' Convention where the styles are decreed each year.

Schmedeman & Baillie

25 East Main Street